

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXVIII. NO. 57

SEYMOUR, INDIANA, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1919.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

LOCAL FACTORIES PREDICT BIG YEAR

Seymour Concerns are in Touch with
Big Possibilities of the Recon-
struction Period.

IMPROVEMENTS CONSIDERED

Much Road Work is Contemplated
and Other Construction Will Be
Made During Summer.

Every wide awake city in the United States is alert to the possibilities of the reconstruction period, and in this respect Seymour is no exception. While the public has been reading about the great development during the year, the local manufacturers have been branching out to get a share of the business so that their plants can be in steady operation and uninterrupted employment can be furnished for their factory forces. The factories in any city are responsible in a large measure for the prosperity of the community and upon the owners and managers rests the responsibility of securing orders so that their plants can be kept in operation.

The year of 1919 promises to be a busy one with the local manufacturing concerns. Much of the manufacturing business this year will be of the character that is directly or indirectly related to reconstruction not only in the United States but abroad. During the last few years the government has discouraged construction work as the materials were needed for war preparation and laborers were required for the prosecution of the conflict. Now a different condition exists. Men are returning home and are seeking employment and big concerns which were formerly engaged in war time work are again engaged in peace time undertakings.

The Blish Milling Company is expecting to build a new elevator during the next few weeks. This is the dull season of the entire year for milling concerns and the situation is made more complex this year because of the unsettled food legislation. However, congress is expected to map out a definite program shortly and then the business throughout the country can be conducted on a more stable basis. The Blish Mills are looking for a big business with the arrival of the new wheat crop.

The Seymour Manufacturing Company which does a large export business as well as an extensive domestic business, has recently completed a new power plant and is in readiness for a capacity run. Prospects are good for a large export business during the present year and the trade of the local concern in this country is already firmly established.

The Seymour Woolen Mills expect a big business during the summer and fall. This concern recently made a number of extensions and improvements so that it is in a position to handle an enormous volume of business.

The Seymour Furniture Company which recently ventured into the export trade field, enter upon the year with excellent prospects. The business is growing steadily and the factory expects to be in operation to its full capacity throughout the year.

The Ahlbrand Carriage Company and the Nutter-Gearwood Company are in a position to handle big orders during the spring.

The Seymour Chair Company and the Seymour Wood Working Company are also preparing for a big business during the summer. The demand for the product of these two concerns is steady and the prospects for a record business are good. The other wood working concerns in the city are also prepared to handle a large volume of business.

From the manufacturing standpoint, therefore, the spring and summer promise to bring considerable new business here and this means steady work for the employees.

Concrete road contracts aggregating \$75,000 will probably be started within a few weeks. The contractors were instructed to report to the county commission the first Monday in April and if they cannot give satisfactory reasons for beginning the work promptly the commissioners will take steps to readvertise for bids and re-award the contracts so the

roads can be finished without further delay. These contracts will furnish employment for scores of men.

The different building and loan associations look for a busy year. Residents who have desired to own their own homes delayed buying last year on account of war conditions, and others who wished to make improvements and repairs postponed the work until a more favorable time. A number of applications for loans have been made since the first of the year and these indicate a confidence in the prosperity of the summer.

Viewed in a general way, the conditions here are most favorable. There is a spirit of confidence and this has much to do with the business conditions. There seem to be ample indications that there will be practically no idle laborers here as sufficient work will be provided to meet the demands.

SLIGHT DAMAGE IS DONE BY EARLY MARCH WIND

Arc Light and Sixteen Street Lamps
Broken by Gale—But Side-
walks are Swept Anyway.

Slight damage was reported in various parts of the city and county this morning following the stiff gale which continued from Friday afternoon until late in the night. A much lower temperature came with the wind. The public is trying to convince itself that March came into existence as a lion and will therefore pass away as a lamb. However climatic conditions today have been ideal, the air being cold and crisp with a bright sun and a clear blue sky.

An arc lamp at Broadway and Myers street and sixteen street lamps were damaged or broken by the gale. Farmers report that rails from their fences were blown down and other slight damage was done. However, the stiff breeze served as a sidewalk sweeper and the walks were free from dust and debris this morning.

During the afternoon the big smoke stack at the Seymour Furniture Company's factory was blown down and several days will be required to repair it.

LAFOLLETTE ANNOUNCES OPENING OF FILIBUSTER

Proposes to Block Passage of Oil
Leasing Bill—Victory Loan
Bill Endangered.

By United Press.
Washington, March 1—Senator LaFollette this afternoon announced that a filibuster against the oil leasing conference bill report is on. This announcement clearly means, senators said, that LaFollette has no intention of letting the bill pass. He is known to have prepared to talk for days if necessary. If his filibuster is not broken that the Victory loan and other appropriation bills will fail at passage this session.

GAY FOR SUFFRAGE

Support Means Passage of Resolu-
tion in Senate.

By United Press.
Washington, March 1—Senator Gay, Louisiana, today announced his support of the woman's suffrage resolution, introduced yesterday by Senator Jones, New Mexico. Gay's support insures passage of the resolution at this session, if an opportunity is found to bring it up, Senator Jones said.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Seymour Improvement Company will be held Monday evening, March 3, 1919, at 7:30, in the city building for the purpose of electing directors, receiving reports of the officers and dividend checks. A full attendance is desired.

Clark B. Davis, Secy.

Tie Score.

The S. H. S. quintet proved its strength at the tri-state tournament with the St. Xavier team of Cincinnati 22-22.

Removal Notice.

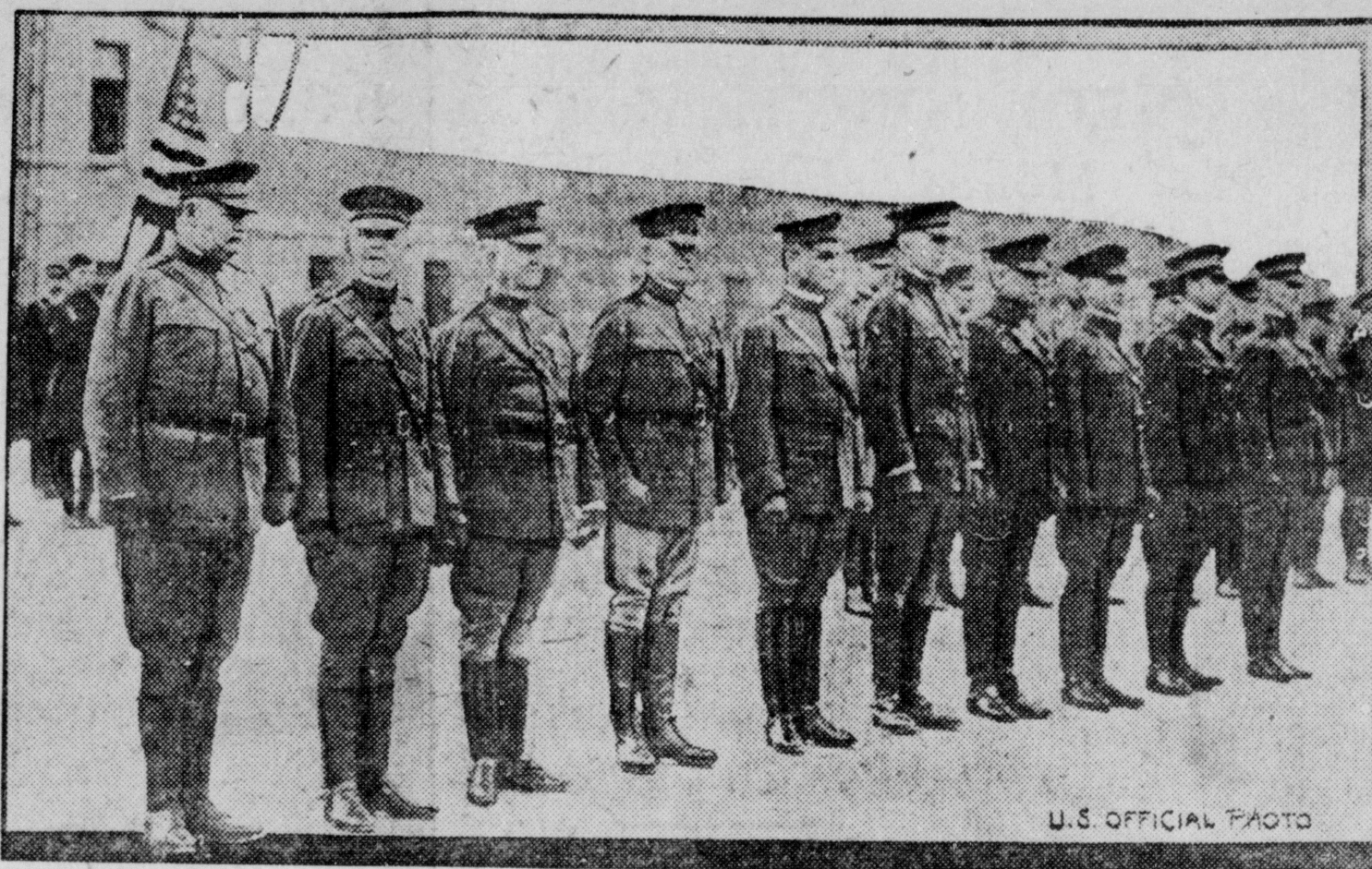
I have moved my office from the Postal Building to the Hancock Building opposite the Postoffice, and will continue my practice in diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat and fitting glasses.

Dr. Chas. E. Gillespie.
Office Hours: 9:00 to 12:00 a. m. and
1:00 to 5:00 p. m. f26dtr

City Restaurant.

Special chicken dinner and supper and everything good to eat for Sunday. Come and take dinner with us. You are always welcome.

TEN AMERICAN GENERALS HONORED BY FRANCE



Ten generals of the American expeditionary forces in France, photographed immediately after they had been named by Marshal Petain as commanders in the French Legion of Honor. Taken at American general headquarters, Chaumont. Left to right: Lieut. Gen. Hunter Liggett, Lieut. Gen. Robert L. Bullard, Maj. Gen. James McAndrew, Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, Maj. Gen. Charles F. Summerall, Maj. Gen. John H. Hines, Maj. Gen. Edward H. Lewis, Brig. Gen. Michael J. Lenihan, Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, Brig. Gen. Frank Parker.

CAMPAIGNS OF OLD HAD LOTS OF "PEP"

John A. Goodale Becomes Reminis-
cent and Tells of Tricks Which
Were Turned Here Years Ago.

TICKETS OPEN TO EVERYBODY

Recalls Unusual Ride of Second
Mayor and Marshal in Dray—Both
Wore Hats of High Top Variety.

John A. Goodale, who has an abundance of first hand information about the early history of Seymour, dropped into The Republican Office Friday to talk about the fine spirit that was shown at the Chamber of Commerce banquet the previous night. During the conversation a remark was made about his speech at the banquet in which he referred to the early days of the town and before he was aware he was in a reminiscent mood and related some incidents which will be of interest, especially to the older people of the city.

Part of Mr. Goodale's conversation was directed along the line of politics and he recalled the early city campaigns. Mr. Goodale is serving his fifth term as a member of the city council and has had direct experience with local politics. He served two terms as councilman from

(Continued on page 2, column 3)

The Price of War.

By United Press.

Washington, March 1.—A total of 7,300,054 men died in action or of wounds in the war, according to official figures given out today by Chief of Staff March. Russia paid the heaviest price with 1,700,000 deaths, while Germany was second, France third and the United States last among the great powers.

Madrid Under Martial Law.

By United Press.

Madrid, March 1—Martial law was proclaimed in Madrid today following clashes between the police and food rioters in which a number of persons were injured. Mobs stormed and looted several shops.

Extra Fancy Beef.

Put in your order for a roast or steak out of fancy cattle. Also hearts, brains, liver and all kinds of sausage, at the Clean Meat Market. Order early. Avoid the rush. We trim our meat but not the customer. L. G. Heins. mld

The regular meeting of the Township Teachers' Institute was held today at the high school. These meetings are held on the first Saturday of each month. Representatives were present today from Redding, Jackson and Washington townships. Harry B. Henderson, county superintendent, was present and addressed the meeting.

LOCAL SERVICE TO BE IMPROVED

Additional Accommodation Trains to
be Operated by Baltimore &
Ohio Railroad Soon.

REVISION OF THE SCHEDULE

Practically the Same Local Service
That Was Given Before the
War is Being Considered.

Local people will be interested in the unofficial announcement that the accommodation service on the Indiana division of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad is to be improved within the next few weeks. Operating officials will revise the schedule early in the spring and it is certain that a number of new trains will be operated. It is reported that the accommodation service will be practically the same as it was before the war, but a definite announcement as to the number of trains to be added is not made. An official of the company said that several plans were under consideration and that it would be a few days before the schedule was finally arranged.

It is regarded as certain that Nos. 7, westbound, and 8, eastbound, will be included in the new schedule. However, it is not known just when they will arrive here, although it is believed certain that they will run on practically their old time. No. 66, due here at 9:11 a. m. and No. 65, westbound, due here at 12:04, will likely be removed when the new schedule goes into effect. It is probable that No. 4, eastbound will be

(Continued on page 2, column 1.)

BOY SCOUT PROGRAM.

Motion Picture is Feature of Entertain-
ment Friday Night.

The Boy Scouts entertained their relatives and friends at the high school building last night. The Scout basketball team defeated a picked team of local lads at the gymnasium preceding the entertainment. J. H. More, scoutmaster, gave a short talk on the value of the scout movement, showing that the essential thing in life is the making of good citizens. He pointed out how the scout movement is striving to do this. An appropriation motion picture was shown. During the evening a musical program was given.

Victrola Record Announcement.

Victor Records for March are here. Enough said. Come early. Progressive Music Store. m3d

Notice Farmers.

Bring your cream to the Sugar Creek Creamery Co. Open every day. Cream tested and paid for at once. 125 South Chestnut. mld6w

GOVERNMENT IN GERMANY MENACED

Spartacans Stirring Up Strike in
Many Provinces and Situation
is Very Serious.

MANY WORKMEN STRIKING

Effort Made to Cut Off Berlin from
Southern Districts—National
Assembly Threatened.

By United Press.
Berne, March 1—The German government today faced a serious situation with Spartacan uprising developing in all parts of the country. Dispatches indicate that further success of the radicals in the central districts might render the government virtually powerless.

The Spartacans apparently determined to isolate Berlin from southern Germany, were concentrating large forces in the central districts to prevent the movement of Government troops southward. If the revolution triumphs in the south the national assembly may fall. Some dispatches indicated that at least a portion of the cabinet had succeeded in reaching Berlin.

Workmen in all parts of Germany are reported to be striking. Bavaria is said to be practically without a government. The military commander of Munich is reported to have forbidden all public meeting but is understood to have been ignored by the Spartacans.

The presence of a great body of loyal troops in the capital has so far prevented a renewal of January riots. Strikes, however, are reported to have resulted in reducing Berlin's electrical supply to minimum.

President Ebert and Chancellor Scheidemann are said to be growing apprehensive, but so far have failed to agree on remedial measures. The former is understood to favor a compromise.

Two-thirds of the workmen in Saxony, Thuringia and Franconia, are reported to be striking.

Fearing that the railway strike would not completely paralyze traffic between Berlin and Weimar is reported to have led the Spartacans to tear up long stretches of the rails.

Refusal of Doctor Muehlton, former secretary of Krupps to constitute a new ministry is said to have increased the political confusion in Bavaria. Muehlton returned to Switzerland and Bavaria is said to be practically without a government. The military commander at Munich is said to have forbidden all public meetings but is understood to have been ignored by the Spartacans. The central council also refused to recognize his authority.

Miss Lillie Story, of Indianapolis, is spending the week-end with her mother Mrs. Minerva Story, who lives southwest of Seymour.

AMERICA A FACTOR IN AVERTING WAR

Italy and Jugo-Slavs Engage in
Squabble that Borders on Ac-
tual Hostilities.

FOR CONTROL OF ADRIATIC

Peace Delegates in Paris Under-
stood to be Discussing the
Aggravating Situation.

By United Press.

Paris, March 1.—America stands today as the chief factor for averting the latest threatened European war. The squabble between the Italians and the Jugo-Slavs for control of the Adriatic has reached a stage bordering on actual hostilities.

Both countries, however, are dependent on America economically and in case open warfare results, America will immediately cut off their supplies of food and money, it was understood from reliable sources.

The Italians have closed the entire frontier as established by the Austrian armistice giving their reason that they do not wish to have immediate resort to military action in occupying the territory designated in the armistice. The Italians claim that the Jugo-Slavs have troops mobilized near the border. They say an Italian food train has been attacked.

The peace delegates are understood to be discussing the situation, but have taken no action. It is considered probable that when the general conference convenes again after President Wilson's return, it will be necessary to lay down definite boundaries in disputed territory.

The Italians claim the Jugo-Slavs have eleven divisions mobilized near the border. They say an Italian food train has been attacked and that in one instance the flag on a train bearing repatriated Italians was torn down and burned.

The trouble so far has centered in Laibach. The Italians alleged the Jugo-Slavs forced departure of the Italian military mission which had been stationed there in conformity with the armistice for the purpose of revictualing Jugo-Slavia and Czechoslovakia. The Jugo-Slavs explain they based their action on the ground that they have been recognized by the Allies, as a result of which, Laibach can no longer be considered a part of the former empire of Austria-Hungary. The Italians deny that such recognition has yet been granted.

The Jugo-Slavs deny the charge that they have ordered a general mobilization and make the counter-charge that the Italians have still under arms an army of more than three million.

The peace delegates are understood to be discussing the situation informally, but have taken no action. It is considered probable that when the general conference convenes again after President Wilson's return it will be necessary to lay down definite boundaries in disputed territories, beyond which no encroachment will be permitted.

Meanwhile, the Allies are holding the club of American economic pressure ready. Supplies furnished by the Allies to both Jugo-Slavia and Czechoslovakia, move through Laibach, and if the situation seriously interferes with their movement it is expected that the club will be dropped.

Soldiers to Keep Uniforms.

By United Press.

Washington, March 1.—President Wilson today approved fifteen congressional bills and one joint resolution, including the postoffice appropriation bill, the measure authorizing resumption of voluntary enlistments in the army; the bill allowing soldiers, sailors and marines to retain their uniforms and other equipment; the act authorizing payment of allotments of enlisted men in cases where disputes have arisen.

Refuse Request.

By United Press.

Stockholm, March 1.—The Lithuanians have refused the request of the Bolsheviks for an armistice, it was stated in official dispatches today.

SEYMOUR DAILY REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher.
Entered at the Seymour, Indiana, Post-office as Second-class Matter.

DAILY—By Carrier. \$3.00
One Year 2.50
Six Months 1.25
Three Months 10
One Week 10

DAILY—By Mail in Advance.
1wk 3mos 6mos 1yr
In County, Zones 1, 2 10c \$1.25 \$2.25 \$4.00
Zones 3, 4, 5 12c 1.50 2.75 5.00
Zones 6, 7, 8 16c 2.00 3.50 6.00

WEEKLY.
3mos 6mos 1yr
Jackson County 50c 75c \$1.25
Zones 1, 2, 3, 4 60c 90c 1.50
Zones 5, 6, 7, 8 80c \$1.20 2.00

National Advertising Representatives
H. EDMUND SCHEERER
1641-42 Marquette Bldg. - - Chicago
R. R. MULLIGAN
20 E. Forty-second St. - - New York

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1919.

LOCAL SERVICE
TO BE IMPROVED
(Continued from first page)

operated again and will take the place of No. 66.

The company hopes to be able to furnish better accommodation service, and there is some discussion as to how this can best be done. It is the desire of the officials to operate as small a number of trains as possible consistent with improved service. It is not likely that the pre-war schedule will be inaugurated in its entirety as it is the policy of the director general of railroads to operate as few trains as possible, thus eliminating all unnecessary expense. The fast runs, Nos. 11 and 6, will not likely be reinstated as the other trains and competing trains on other roads will take care of the business.

The local passenger service on the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad was cut to pieces when the government took over the operation of the railroads. The present arrangement has been anything but convenient for the majority of the traveling public and traveling men find it necessary to spend an entire day in some small towns unless they resort to some other form of transportation.

The work on the new schedule is now under way. Each spring, under normal conditions, the railroad has changed its schedule to meet the conditions of the season, and the new trains will be inaugurated when the spring schedule goes into effect. Last year there was little or no change in the schedule as the service was reduced to a minimum and no readjustments were possible.

SUFFERED TEN YEARS
FROM INDIGESTION

Trouble Gone, Appetite Strong, and Eats Anything Without Distress.

"I had a case of catarrh and indigestion, of ten years standing. I had been treated by the best medical men in Michigan. When I commenced taking Milk's Emulsion, I was in bed. I improved so fast that I kept the neighbors wondering. I am now up and working every day. My cough is gone. My appetite is great, and I can eat anything without hurting me."

—H. D. Lovelee, Rockford, Mich.

Indigestion is seldom cured by "helping" the stomach digest food. Digestives, like physic pills, usually make slaves of the stomach and bowels.

Milk's Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milk's Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milk's Emulsion under this guarantee—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milk's Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by C. E. Loertz

McCALL'S
MAGAZINE
Fashion Authority
For Nearly 50 Years!

Join the 1,200,000 women who turn to McCall's every month for correct fashions, for patterns, for economical buying, for fancy needlework, for good stories—for pleasure, for help, for style. McCall's Patterns fit.

10c a Copy
75c a Year

FREE! SEND A POSTAL CARD AND ASK FOR SAMPLE COPY OF McCALL'S or \$10.00 PIN-MONEY OFFER TO WHICHELLE OFFER TO BOYS AND GIRLS or LATEST PATTERN CATALOGUE or Big Cash Offer to ADVERTISERS. Write True Offer to your CHURCH. Address THE McCALL CO., 236-250 West 37th Street, New York, N. Y.

Soldiers' Letters

In France.

Serg. E. E. Ballard, writing to his mother, Mrs. Omer Ballard, from Bazouges, France, says:

Dear Mother:

Will try and fulfill my promise tonight and send you enough words so that you may know I am still alive and O. K. Am just feeling fine and like my new place first rate. Am about five miles west from the place where I said I thought I was going when I wrote you the last letter.

Will have about 130 men or a little better in our company when we get them all. That is quite different from what I have been used to. We seemed to be assured of faring as well as one could desire under present circumstances. Three of the old cooks in our company came with me so it sure makes it real nice. I hated to leave the boys with whom I have been so long but otherwise I am sure glad of the change as it is so much nicer for me than I have been having it for the past four or five weeks. Not that I have been having to do so very much work, for I have scarcely done anything during that time, but am better located, have something to really look after, some one who wants to do everything possible to make things pleasant and handy, am not tied down so much here, have a good chance of getting acquainted with the people, so you see I am really very fortunate in having been transferred to this outfit. The cooks are all so well pleased with the change too. Which also pleases me.

We left that morning and came here in a truck with no one to take care of us when we got out of the machine so we just rustled for ourselves from about one until four. The lieutenant came about then and things straightened out in a jiffy so we are getting along fine now and as we become more settled we hope to find and have things more convenient than ever. Will write and tell you how we are when we get finally settled and down to business.

Have nicer quarters to sleep in and better in every way than any time since leaving the states so do not have the slightest bit of worry about me any longer in that respect for I will sure have it nice when I get it arranged the way I want it. Am going to La Fleche as soon as it is convenient and see if I can find anything to improve and make our room look more home like so you may imagine the cooks and myself will be getting real classy when we try to make our room look a little like home. Will tell you how things look after we get it furnished. Will not even tell you what kind of a building we are in nor what kind of people or what kind of a country it is around here but will save it for a later letter which will follow this one some time soon I hope, however it may not be the next one as we may not be fixed just to suit us by that time.

Have been looking for a letter for the last week but have not seen anything of it but suppose it will come dragging itself in here some of these days when I will not be looking for it and then wont I be a tickled boy, well I think.

Well the boys want me to stop so they can go to sleep so guess I had better close for this time hoping I will get a letter soon.

Yours lovingly,
Ernest.

What do you think of new address? This is the third letter I have written since receiving one from you.

more settled we hope to find and have things more convenient than ever. Will write and tell you how we are when we get finally settled and down to business.

Have nicer quarters to sleep in and better in every way than any time since leaving the states so do not have the slightest bit of worry about me any longer in that respect for I will sure have it nice when I get it arranged the way I want it. Am going to La Fleche as soon as it is convenient and see if I can find anything to improve and make our room look more home like so you may imagine the cooks and myself will be getting real classy when we try to make our room look a little like home. Will tell you how things look after we get it furnished. Will not even tell you what kind of a building we are in nor what kind of people or what kind of a country it is around here but will save it for a later letter which will follow this one some time soon I hope, however it may not be the next one as we may not be fixed just to suit us by that time.

Have been looking for a letter for the last week but have not seen anything of it but suppose it will come dragging itself in here some of these days when I will not be looking for it and then wont I be a tickled boy, well I think.

Well the boys want me to stop so they can go to sleep so guess I had better close for this time hoping I will get a letter soon.

Yours lovingly,
Ernest.

What do you think of new address? This is the third letter I have written since receiving one from you.

CAMPAIGNS OF OLD
HAD LOTS OF "PEP"

(Continued from first page)

the Fifth ward, one from the Third ward, and is representing the First ward on his second term. Political contests in the early days of Seymour were full of "pep" and "ginger," according to the facts related by the councilman.

During the first few elections that were held in Seymour, he recalled, there were no party lines or factions and any one who desired to enter the political arena as an office seeker was privileged to do so. It was then that candidates would announce for office "at the earnest solicitation of my friends," and the result of the contest depended upon the success of

the candidate to get his "friends" to the polls. Despite the simplicity in which tickets were filled in those days, there were not as many candidates for city offices as at present.

Mayor Green was the first town executive in Seymour and Steve Story was the first guardian of the law. Following the second town election, Thomas Whitson, grandfather of Mr. Goodale, was elected mayor, and John E. Harrison, was the people's choice for town marshal. It so happened, Mr. Goodale said, that Whitson and Harrison were enemies and had not spoken to each other for years. The friends of both were quick to realize that the affairs of the town could not run smoothly so long as the two leading officials were not on speaking terms. Efforts to influence the two men to "bury the hatchet with the handle down" failed and it was decided that drastic action would have to be taken.

There was a spirit of town pride and the citizens did not want to have two men in office who would not converse with each other.

Several plans for bringing about the desired state of tranquility and harmony between the two officials were discussed and one was decided upon. Accordingly, two high top hats were purchased, and a dray operated by Henry Jerrell was rented. These were the factors in the plan. The two officials were loaded on the dray after they had donned their new high hats and were driven over the town. At various places where groups of citizens had collected the two men were asked to shake hands. The scheme worked and from that time on official business was not interfered with by lack of speech between the two.

When all this took place Seymour was known as a "hog wallow" or "goose pond" and Rockford was the big trading center for the community. But the people were determined that Seymour should grow and with a vision of a big town before them set out to win their goal. The "hog wallows" soon disappeared and residences went up. More stores came and the town grew.

"Seymour has always prospered," said Mr. Goodale. "The advancement is quite evident to anyone like me who has lived here all his life and has had opportunity to see the progress we have made. Advancement and progress is a part of old Seymour. You can't prevent us from going ahead."

HOW DEPRECIATION IS
FIGURED IN INCOME TAX

Reasonable Amount May Be Deducted for Wear and Tear on Equipment.

Numerous inquiries have been received by the Bureau of Internal Revenue concerning depreciation and the allowances therefor in the filing of an income tax return. The rate at which depreciation may be claimed is dependent upon local conditions, the use to which the property is put and its probable life-time under normal business conditions.

No specific rates at which it may be claimed have been established. The law states that a "reasonable allowance" may be claimed including a reasonable allowance for obsolescence, and it is for the taxpayer honestly to determine what constitutes a "reasonable allowance." To compute the amount which may be claimed, the taxpayer should determine the probable lifetime of the property, then divide its cost to him by the number of years of such life. The result obtained will represent the amount which may be claimed each year as a deduction.

For example, a frame building, the probable lifetime of which without repair is twenty-five years, cost \$5,000. Divide \$5,000 by twenty-five and claim \$200 each year as depreciation. It is estimated that the average lifetime of a frame building is twenty-five years, a brick building thirty-five years and a stone or concrete building fifty to one hundred years. The estimated life of ordinary machinery is ten years, and that of automobiles used for business or farm purposes, four to five years.

If a taxpayer claims the full amount of depreciation he can not claim as a deduction the cost of repairs to the property during the same year which offset or make good the depreciation. If he wishes to claim a deduction on account of repairs, their cost must be deducted from the full amount of depreciation, and the balance may be claimed under the heading of "depreciation."

For example, if the taxpayer expends \$100 in repairs to a building which will depreciate \$200 in value during the taxable year he may claim \$100 as a business expense and \$100 as depreciation, or he may claim \$200 for depreciation and nothing for repairs. In short the

aggregate deduction claimed on account of repairs and depreciation must not exceed the full amount of depreciation. "Repairs" in this connection means repairs and replacements of a kind tending to make good the depreciation such as a new flooring or new roof. Small items such as replacement of broken window panes, papering and minor repairs are allowable, even though the full amount of depreciation is claimed.

In claiming depreciation the following fundamental principles must be observed:

Only such depreciation as results from exhaustion, wear and tear of property arising out of its use in business or trade can be claimed. Depreciation in the value of a home or property used for pleasure or convenience, such as an automobile, can not be claimed.

No depreciation is allowed upon the value of land or upon good will.

DIVORCE SUIT COMES TO
TRIAL ON CROSS COMPLAINT

Mrs. Goldie George Wants Decree from Husband Who Has Just Been Discharged from Army.

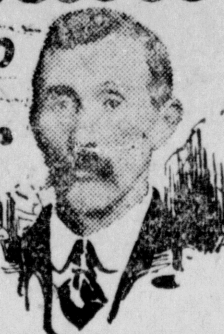
A divorce suit filed by Chris George, of Indianapolis, against Mrs. Goldie George, who before her marriage was Miss Goldie Harris, of this city, came to trial in superior court No. 1, in Indianapolis, this morning. F. W. Wesner, attorney for the defendant went to Indianapolis this morning.

George was in the army for about eighteen months, having only recently been mustered out of the service. He was married a short time before he joined the army. In his complaint George alleges that his wife treated him in a cruel manner. The defendant through her attorney, filed a cross complaint seeking a divorce in which she charges George with cruel and inhuman treatment and disloyalty. The judge recently ordered George to pay the defendant \$4 a week until the case was finally determined.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

A Sheriff in Tennessee must be a man of brawn & vigor



Mr. B. W. D. Barnes, of Warren County, Measures up to Requirements.

HIS LIFE A STIRRING ONE

Always in robust health, B. W. D. Barnes could ride, shoot and get his man. He was everything a sheriff in Warren Co., Tennessee, should be until overtaken by a complication of catarrhal troubles of the stomach, bowels or other organs. Dr. Hartman's Famous Peruna Tonic has been a standard household remedy for forty-five years.

If you are sick and suffering, write The Peruna Company, Dept. A, Columbus, Ohio, for Dr. Hartman's Health Book. It is free. Your dealer has Peruna in both tablet and liquid form. If you want health, insist upon having Peruna. Your dealer will give you a Peruna Almanac.

Like Sheriff Barnes, thousands owe their present health to Peruna. For catarrh of the head, nose and throat, catarrhal inflammation of

visory work on Income Tax.

Payments sent by mail should be attached to the returns and should be in the form of check, money order or draft. Cash payments by mail are sent at the taxpayer's risk of loss.

If you are unable to make your return personally because of illness, absence or incapacity, an agent or legal representative may make your return.

If there are any doubtful points as to your items of income or allowable deductions, you should get in touch at once with a Revenue officer or a banker for advice.

Women Pay Tax.

Women are subject to all the requirements of the Income Tax. Whether single or married, a woman's income from all sources must be considered.

If unmarried, or if living apart from her husband, she must make her return for 1918 if her net income was \$1,000 or over.

If married and living with her husband, her income must be considered with the husband's in determining the liability for a return. Their joint income, less the credits allowed by law, is subject to normal tax. The wife's net income is considered separately in computing any surtax that may be due. Husband and wife file jointly, as a rule. If the husband does not include his wife's income in his return, the wife must file a separate return.

Severe Penalties.

The new Revenue Law places severe penalties on a person who fails to make return on time, refuses to make return or renders a fraudulent return. For failure to make return and pay tax on time a fine of not more than \$1,000 is named, and 25 per cent of the tax due is added to the assessment. For refusing wilfully to make return, or for making a false or fraudulent return there is a fine of not exceeding \$10,000 and imprisonment of not exceeding one year, or both.

Farmers' Income Taxable.

Every farmer and ranchman who had a fair or a good year in 1918 must heed the Income Tax this year. He must consider all his income as taxable. He is entitled to deduct from his gross income all amounts expended in carrying on his farm. The cost of farm machinery, farm buildings and improvements cannot be deducted. The cost of live stock, either for resale or for breeding purposes, is also regarded as investment.

Overtime and Bonuses Taxed.

Salary and wage earners must consider as taxable every item received from employers and from other sources. Bonuses and overtime pay are to be reported, as well as the regular payments.

Allowances for Losses.

Losses sustained in 1918 and not covered by insurance are deductible items if incurred in the taxpayer's business or trade, in any transaction undertaken for profit, or arising from fire, storm, shipwreck or other casualty, or from theft.

Mrs. Kate Thompson and son, Joseph, of Columbus, came this morning for a several days' visit with Mrs. Anne Dannettell and family.

RED CROSS GIFTS \$400,000,000

War Council on Retirement Announces Cash and Supplies Contributed.

WORKERS WILL "CARRY ON."

Five Big Societies in World Wide Plan. H. P. Davison Heads International American Red Cross Commission. Dr. Livingston Farrand Permanent Leader of Peace Organization.

Washington.—(Special).—Henry P. Davison as chairman issues the following statement on behalf of the War Council of the American Red Cross:

"To the American People:

"The War Council of the American Red Cross appointed by President Wilson on May 10, 1917, to carry on the work of the American Red Cross during the war, at their request and by vote of the Central Committee, ceased at midnight, February 28.

"Immediately the armistice was signed the War Council instituted studies to determine when the strictly war work of the organization would have been sufficiently matured to enable the direction of affairs to be resumed by the permanent staff. Henry P. Davison, being in Paris when the armistice was signed, summoned a conference there of the heads of all the Red Cross Commissions in Europe to canvass the situation. After considering all the factors it was concluded to make the transition on March 1. The very fortunate choice of Dr. Livingston Farrand as the new chairman of the Central Committee, and thereby the permanent chief executive of the Red Cross, makes possible the consummation of this plan under the most favorable conditions.

Accounts Audited by War Department.

"Detailed reports to Congress and a complete audit of its accounts by the War Department will constitute the final record of Red Cross activity during the war. Although it has been the rule to make public all expenditures when authorized and to give detailed information relative to all work undertaken, the War Council in turning over its responsibilities to Dr. Farrand and his associates desire to give a brief resume of Red Cross war time activities to the American people, to whom the Red Cross belongs, and whose generous contributions have made possible all that has been accomplished.

"During the past nearly twenty-one months the American people have given in cash and supplies to the American Red Cross more than \$400,000,000. No value can be placed upon the contributions of service which have been given without stint and oftentimes at great sacrifice by millions of our people.

"The effort of the American Red Cross in this war has constituted by far the largest voluntary gifts of money, of hand and heart, ever contributed purely for the relief of human suffering. Through the Red Cross the heart and spirit of the whole American people have been mobilized to take care of our own, to relieve the misery incident to the war, and also to reveal to the world the supreme ideals of our national life.

"Everyone who has had any part in this war effort of the Red Cross is entitled to congratulate himself. No thanks from anyone could be equal in value to the self satisfaction everyone should feel for the part taken. Fully 8,000,000 American women have exerted themselves in Red Cross service.

Has Over 17,000,000 Adult Members.

"When we entered the war the American Red Cross had about 500,000 members. Today, as the result of the recent Christmas membership Roll Call, there are upwards of 17,000,000 full paid members outside of the members of the Junior Red Cross, numbering perhaps 9,000,000 school children additional.

"The chief effort of the Red Cross during the war has been to care for our men in service and to aid our army and navy wherever the Red Cross may be called on to assist. As to this phase of the work Surgeon General Ireland of the U. S. Army recently said: 'The Red Cross has been an enterprise as vast as the war itself. From the beginning it has done those things which the Army Medical Corps wanted done, but could not do itself.'

"The Red Cross endeavor in France has naturally been upon an exceptionally large scale where service has been rendered to the American Army and to the French Army and the French people as well, the latter particularly during the trying period when the Allied World was waiting for the American Army to arise in force and power. Hospital emergency service for our army in France has

Diphtheria

A sore throat is a good breeding place for Diphtheria germs. Protect your children by never neglecting a Sore Throat. You can wisely depend upon TONSILINE. Give Tonsiline upon the first appearance of Sore Throat—don't give Diphtheria a chance in that throat in its weakened condition. When TONSILINE is swallowed it comes directly in contact with the diseased surface and induces a healthy condition of the membranes—then the system can better defend the throat if attacked by Diphtheria germs. Keep TONSILINE in the house where you can get it quick when needed. 35c., 60c. and \$1.00.

greatly diminished, but the Red Cross is still being called upon for service upon a large scale in the great base hospitals, where thousands of American sick and wounded are still receiving attention. At these hospitals the Red Cross supplies huts and facilities for the amusement and recreation of the men as they become convalescent. Our Army of Occupation in Germany was followed with Medical units prepared to render the same emergency aid and supply service which was the primary business of the Red Cross during hostilities. The Army Canteen service along the lines of travel has actually increased since the armistice.

"As for work among the French people, now that hostilities have ceased, the French themselves naturally prefer as far as possible to provide for their own. It has accordingly been determined that the guiding principle of Red Cross policy in France henceforth shall be to have punctilious regard to its every responsibility, but to direct its efforts primarily to assisting French relief societies. The liberated and devastated regions of France have been divided by the government into small districts, each officially assigned to a designated French relief organization.

"The American Red Cross work in France was initiated by a commission of eighteen men who landed on French shores June 13, 1917. Since then some 9,000 persons have been upon the rolls in France, of whom 7,000 were actively engaged when the armistice was signed. An indication of the present scale of the work will be obtained from the fact that the services of 6,000 persons are still required.

"Our American Expeditionary Force having largely evacuated England, the activities of the Red Cross Commission there are naturally upon a diminishing scale period. Active operations are still in progress in Archangel and Siberia.

"The work in Italy has been almost entirely on behalf of the civilian population of that country. In the critical hours of Italy's struggle the American people, through their Red Cross, sent a practical message of sympathy and relief, for which the government and people of Italy have never ceased to express their gratitude.

Supplies and Personnel to Near East.

"The occasion for such concentration of effort in Italy, England, Belgium and even in France having naturally and normally diminished, it has been possible to divert supplies and personnel in large measure to the aid of those people in the Near East who have hitherto been inaccessible to outside assistance, but whose sufferings have been upon an appalling scale. The needs of these peoples are so vast that government alone can meet them, but the American Red Cross is making an effort to relieve immediately the more acute distress.

"An extensive group of American workers has been dispatched to carry vitally needed supplies, and to work this winter in the various Balkan countries. In order to co-ordinate their activities, a Balkan commission has been established, with headquarters at Rome, Italy, from which point alone all the Balkan centers can be reached promptly.

"A commission has just reached Poland with doctors and nurses, medical supplies, and food for sick children and invalids. An American Red Cross Commission has also been appointed to aid in relieving the suffering of Russian prisoners still confined in German prison camps.

"An important commission is still working in Palestine. Through the war special co-operation has been given to the Armenian and Syrian Relief Commission, which was the only agency able to carry relief in the interior of Turkish dominions.

Red Cross Will Continue.

"Red Cross effort is thus far flung. It will continue to be so. But the movement represented by this work has likewise assumed an intimate place in the daily life of our people at home. The army of workers which has been recruited and trained during the war must not be demobilized. All our experience in the war shows clearly that there is an unlimited field for service of the kind which can be performed with peculiar effectiveness by the Red Cross. What its future tasks may be it is yet impossible to forecast. We know that so long as there is an American army in the field the Red Cross will have a special function to perform.

"Nothing could be of greater importance to the American Red Cross than the plans just set in motion by the five great Red Cross societies of the world to develop a program of extended activities in the interest of humanity. The conception involves not alone efforts to relieve human suffering, but to prevent it; not alone a movement by the people of an individual nation, but an attempt to arouse all people to a sense of their responsibility for the welfare of their fellow beings throughout the world. It is a program both ideal and practical. Ideal in that its supreme aim is nothing less than veritable 'Peace on earth good will to men,' and practical in that it seeks to take means and measures which are actually available and make them effective in meeting without delay the crisis which is daily recurrent in the lives of all peoples.

"For accomplishing its mission in the years of peace which must lie ahead of us the Red Cross will require the ablest possible leadership, and must enjoy the continued support, sympathy, and participation in its work of the whole American people. It is particularly fortunate that such a man as Dr. Livingston Farrand should have been selected as the permanent head of the organization. The unstinted fashion in which all our people gave of themselves throughout the war is the best assurance that our Red Cross will continue to receive that co-operation which will make its work a source

of pride and inspiration to every American."

Mr. Davison, as chairman of the International Commission of the American Red Cross, has undertaken to represent the American Red Cross in the preparation of the program for extended Red Cross activities, and will spend the next several months in Europe in consultation with other Red Cross societies for that purpose.

THE WAR COUNCIL OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman.

Y. W. C. A. PROMOTES WORLD FELLOWSHIP

Will Send Industrial Commission to Meet Foreign Labor Leaders.

The War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association plans to send an industrial commission of women to England, France and Italy in April to meet prominent labor leaders of those countries with a view to promoting world fellowship among women.

The commission will be made up of Mrs. Raymond Robbins, representing the National Women's Trade Union League of America; Mrs. Irene Osgood Andrews, American Association for Labor Legislation; Miss Grace Drake, National Consumers' League; Mrs. James S. Cushman, chairman of the War Work Council of the Young Women's Christian Association; Miss Florence Simms, Miss Marie Wing and Miss Imogene B. Ireland, secretary to the commission, all of the Y. W. C. A., and Miss Mary Gilson, an authority on employment management.

Miss Florence Simms says in regard to the commission: "The war has forced upon us the bearing of international relationships in all things, and our touch with women in other countries has made us include in our international thinking the industrial life of women. The war has wrought so many changes in this that it seems a timely thing that women interested in the larger life of our women workers should take counsel together and express their interest with the hope that certain minimum standards which seem essential to health and welfare among women may be agreed upon and obtained.

Our War Work Council is sending abroad this women's commission from organizations in America directly concerned with the welfare and largest life of industrial women."

ROYAL PRINCE IS HERO IN RANKS

Under False Name Cousin of King of Italy Serves as Corporal.

Rome.—The Gazzetta di Torino, telling about the count of Salemi, cousin of the king of Italy, recalls how he fought in the beginning of the war in Val d'Assa under the false name of Maximilian Mombello. Nobody, not even the officers, knew at first that the vigorous youngster, so good and mild of temperament, so magnificent in his reckless courage, was Prince Umberto, count of Salemi.

The hour of danger found him calm, serene, sure of himself, like a veteran Alpino. His own comrades, always tried in the most daring feats, were amazed at his deeds of valor. When they praised him Corporal Maximilian Mombello would answer with a proud smile: "I—but I am a special corporal." His manner quickly won him the friendship and favor of all, from the soldiers to the officers.

Count Starts a School.

The count of Salemi found a way, even under fire, to start a school for the illiterate. The pupils attended willingly, for the instructor, Corporal Maximilian Mombello, was in truth genial—patient to a fault, happy, learned and, above all, generous in rewarding the students at the close of the lessons. A draught of wine, a portion of bread were ready for all in his trench ration. His greatest joy was on the arrival of the mail in the evening. If the enemy permitted, he devoted himself to reading and writing letters. He was often surprised, moved or disturbed by the letter he received or sent—a letter from his mother or to his mother.

One day, however, it leaked out among the officers that Mombello was the Prince Salemi of royal blood. It was passed along to the stupefied soldiers. "What?" they asked him. "Are you a royal highness?" "Yes," the count answered. "What of it?" The answer reassured the soldiers.

Promoted to Captaincy.

Although Maximilian Mombello came to be known again as the count of Salemi, a prince of the royal house of Savoy, he remained their corporal; and he continued to be till the day when he was promoted, to become later a lieutenant and a captain of bombardiers.

He died from pneumonia at the front among his devoted soldiers just before the end of hostilities. He had just been promoted and commanded a bombarding battery of the army of the Grappa.

Although a son of Prince Amadeo and the Princess Letitia of Savoy-Bonaparte, the young count, who was twenty-seven, enlisted at the outbreak of the war as a simple soldier in the Catania light cavalry. He was in the war zone for three years, took part in several important actions and won a silver medal of valor by heroic conduct.

Mrs. C. H. Harker returned this morning to her home in Chillicothe, Ohio, after a several days' visit with relatives here.



The City of GOODRICH Akron, Ohio

Put On The Left Shoe First

They all said it—Doughboy, Poilu, and Tommy—and clinging to that bit of trench superstition, they believed it brought good luck for the day—and longer life in the shell-racked stretch about them.

But in these fairer, happier days, when peace whirls the wheels of motordom again, we say,

"Put on the right shoe first."

And, of course, the right shoe, is the Goodrich Shoe, because it means good luck day and night, and longer life in your tires.

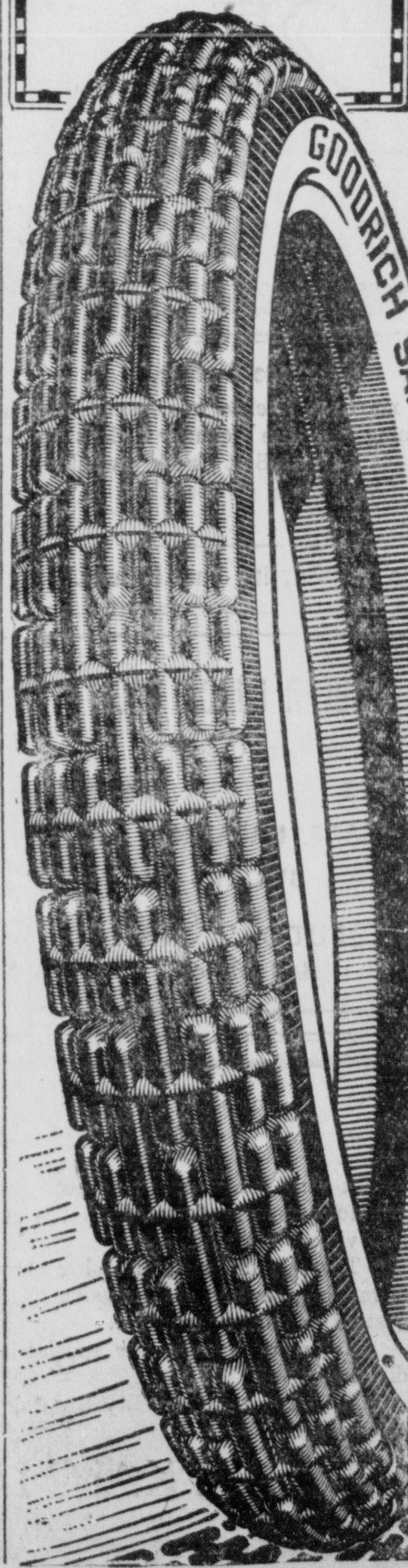
But there's no superstition about it; only the big, husky body, and the wide, thick BLACK SAFETY TREAD, Goodrich builds into tires that—

Round out the dependability and durability of Goodrich Service Value.

Buy Goodrich Tires from a Dealer

GOODRICH TIRES

"BEST IN THE LONG RUN"



PAY AND FILE INCOME TAX BEFORE MAR. 15

U. S. Internal Revenue Bureau Gives Warning That Severe Penalties Will Be Enforced.

WOMEN WITHIN LAW'S SCOPE; HOW THEY REPORT INCOME

The Income Tax drive comes to a close on Saturday night, March 15.

All payments and returns due on that date under the provisions of the new Revenue Law must be in the hands of local Internal Revenue Collectors before their offices close that night.

The Income Tax is being collected to meet the war expenses. Every person who shouted and tooted his horn on Armistice Day is now called upon to contribute his share of the cost of winning the war.

The laggards and the dodgers will face severe fines and jail sentences. The Internal Revenue Bureau announces that its officers will check us all up to see that every person who comes within the scope of the Income Tax law did his share.

Where to Pay and File.

Residents of Indiana will make returns and pay their taxes to Peter J. Krueyer, Collector of Internal Revenue, Indianapolis, or to Isaac R. Strouse, Terre Haute, or to any of the deputy collectors who are now doing free ad-

DON'T FUSS WITH MUSTARD PLASTERS!

Musterole Works Easier, Quicker and Without the Blister

There's no sense in mixing a mess of mustard, flour and water when you can easily relieve pain, soreness or stiffness with a little clean, white Musterole. Musterole is made of pure oil of mustard and other helpful ingredients, combined in the form of the present white ointment. It takes the place of out-of-date mustard plasters, and will not blister. Musterole usually gives prompt relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bite, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia). 30c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



HOW WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN QUICKLY GAIN VIGOROUS HEALTH AND STRONG NERVES 7 A DAY FOR 7 DAYS

A Vigorous, Healthy Body, Sparkling Eyes and Health-Colored Cheeks Come in Two Weeks, Says Discoverer of Bio-feren.

World's Grandest Health Builder Costs Nothing Unless It Gives to Women the Buoyant Health They Long For.

It is safe to say that right here in this big city are tens of thousands of weak, nervous, run-down, depressed women who in two weeks' time could make themselves so healthy, so attractive and so keen-minded that they would compel the admiration of all their friends.

The vital health building elements that these despondent women lack are all plentifully supplied in Bio-feren.

If you are ambitious, crave success in life, want to have a healthy, vigorous body, clear skin and eyes that show no dullness, make up your mind to get a package of Bio-feren right away.

It costs but little and you can get an original package at any druggist anywhere.

Take two tablets after each meal and one at bedtime—seven a day for seven days—then one after meals till all are gone. Then if you don't feel twice as good, look twice as attractive and feel twice as strong as before you started your money is waiting for you. It belongs to you, for the discoverer of Bio-feren doesn't want one penny of it unless it fulfills all claims.

Note to Physicians: There is no secret about the formula of Bio-feren. It is printed on every package. Here it is: Lactin; Calcium Gluconate; Iron Peptonate; Manganese Peptonate; Ext. Nux Vomica; Powd. Ben-lan; Phenolphthalein; Oleoresin Capsicum; Kolo.

Direct Express Line

I have purchased a new 3½ ton truck increasing my equipment for handling freight between

**Seymour, Brownstown,
Vallonia and Medora**

Can handle any kind or quantity of freight or express. Rates based on classified tariff. Prompt delivery. Daily Schedule both ways.

Phone R-443
NELSON J. LINGO

SPECIAL PRICES

FOR THE FIRST WEEK OF MARCH

Sale Begins Monday
Morning and will continue all week.

About 75 ladies skirts, more or less, consisting of Serges, Satins and Silks. Plains and stripes, sizes up to 30 waist, worth up to \$7.50, Sale Price

\$4.95

About 50 doz. ladies' Hose, in black only, 25c quality at

15c

About 20 dozen Burson hose for ladies no seam, in white and cream, per pair

25c

AT

SIMON'S

Marriage License.

A marriage license was issued this morning by the county clerk to Charles Ault of Salt Creek township, and Clara Mize of Hamilton township.

We Do "Printing That Pleases."

REGULAR LUNCH ROOM

—Short Orders—

FRUITS CANDIES
CIGARS, MAGAZINES and
OYSTERS

Interurban Station
Scott Hardin.

Astigmatism

A very common eye defect. Rays of light in astigmatism are not properly focused on the retina. This results in imperfect vision, blurring, etc.

There is difficulty in doing close work. The eyes are strained in reading, sewing, etc., causing headaches, pain in the eyes, indigestion and other troubles.

Astigmatism calls for special lenses adjusted to each case individually.

We have every facility for doing this and doing it accurately, scientifically.

GEO. F. KAMMAN, Optometrist

Phone 249.

SOCIAL EVENTS

BIRTHDAY SURPRISE.

Miss Bessie Abell was pleasantly surprised Friday evening at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Abell, on Indianapolis avenue, in honor of her birthday. The evening was spent with games, music and dancing. A light luncheon was served.

Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dowling, Mrs. Lula Cox, Misses Frieda Radigan Edna Mathis, Dora and Louise Johnson, Bertha Prather and Estella Forway; Frank Gardner, Lufe Banta and Cyrus Hoffmeier. The out-of-town guests were Miss Irene Hunter and Lawrence Pringle, of Indianapolis.

FRIDAY MAGAZINE CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Friday Magazine Club was held Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. B. F. Schneek, on South Chestnut street. During the afternoon several readings concerning the peace conference were given, these were followed by general discussions. Several operatic selections on the Victrola were illustrated. The meeting closed with a social hour and a luncheon was served. All except two members were present at the meeting.

CLOVERLEAF CLUB.

Mrs. T. R. Carter was hostess to the members of the Cloverleaf Club yesterday afternoon at her home on North Broadway. After the transaction of the regular business a social meeting was held during which several tables of rook were at play. A luncheon was served during the afternoon. Besides the members of the club there were present Mrs. Henry Critcher, of Bicknell, Mrs. Jesse Leland of Madison, and Mrs. Simpson Wells of this city.

LE SOIR CLUB.

The regular meeting of the Le Soir Club was held Wednesday evening, Feb. 26th at the home of Miss Lenore Bennett, of Cortland. The members present were the Misses Marie Weekly, Catherine Carmine, Mildred Bottorff and Lenore Bennett. At the close of the business meeting a pleasant social hour was enjoyed, during which light refreshments were served.

HOSPITAL AUXILIARY.

A meeting of the Hospital Auxiliary will be held Monday afternoon at two o'clock at the home of Mrs. G. G. Graessle, on West Tipton street. The afternoon will be spent working on the spring sewing and the ladies are requested to bring their thimbles.

K. K. KLUB.

Miss Catherine Hancock was hostess to the members of the Junior K. K. Klub this afternoon at her home on North Chestnut street. The afternoon was spent in the usual manner with sewing, and a light luncheon was served.

SURPRISE.

A delightful surprise party was given Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lahne, in honor of Mrs. Lahne's fiftieth birthday anniversary. The evening was spent with music and games and a three course luncheon was served.

PROGRESSIVE EUCRE.

A progressive eucere party will be given Monday evening at the K. of C. hall by the Ladies' Aid Society of the Catholic church.

PIE SUPER.

A pie supper social was held Friday evening at the White School near Farmington. A large crowd attended the social.

ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Reed will celebrate their sixtieth wedding anniversary tomorrow at the home of their daughter, Mrs. Frank Cook, 205 South Bill street.

COMING EVENTS

MONDAY—

Monday Musicales with Mrs. Marguerite Groub.
Christian Missionary Society Executive meeting at the church.
Ladies Aid Society of the Catholic church, Progressive Eucere, at K. of C. Hall.
Westminster Guild with Miss Mary Goodloe Billings, North Walnut street.

TUESDAY—

Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the First M. E. church with Mrs. L. T. Freeland, North Ewing street.
Loyal Devoir Society with Mrs. Melvin Jerrell, South Broadway.
Tuesday Bridge Club with Dr. Lurah Rader, North Poplar street.
Helpers Class of the First

Baptist church with Mrs. Mort Black, 218 St. Louis avenue.
Junior K. K. Klub with Mrs. L. C. Hodapp, 209 West Second street.

WEDNESDAY—

Missionary Society of Central Christian church at the church.

THURSDAY—

St. Paul Ladies Aid Society at church parlors. Mrs. George Hunterman and Mrs. Harry Findley, hostesses.

Trinity M. E. Aid Society with Mrs. Sophia Schneek, west of city.

Fortnightly Club with Mrs. Clarence Goss, North Chestnut street.

Indiana Study Club with Mrs. W. M. Casey, North Chestnut street.

FRIDAY—

Methodist Aid Society at church parlors.

Christian Aid Society at the church.

Baptist Sewing Society at the church.

Amitie Club with Mrs. Clyde McGowan, South Poplar St.

He'Dove Club with Miss Ora Droegge, West Brown street.

Flour, Feed and Coal.

I am in the market for all the good white corn with no rotten, frost-bitten or mixed in it. I will pay \$1.25 per bushel. I will also sell the very best grade of flour at \$5.80 per ½ bbl, \$1.45 per sack at the mill. Also have plenty of good Eastern coal at \$6.50 per ton delivered in town, \$6.25 at the yard. And a full stock of all kinds of feed with prices in proportion.

d&wtf G. H. Aderson.

RECORD IN HOUSE BUILDING

Sixty-Seven Are Erected in Ninety-Seven Days for Families of Ship-builders at Bath, Me.

Bath, Me.—In exactly 97 days 67 brick houses, providing homes for 116 families of men employed in building ships for the Emergency Fleet corporation, were erected here.

There were used in building these houses 3,000,000 brick, which, if placed end to end, would stretch a distance of 38½ miles; 6,000 pounds of cement, 200 barrels of plain lime and 153 tons of hydrated lime.

It took an average of 600 men at work daily to do the job. They were assisted by 30 teams, seven big motor-trucks and a tractor, capable of hauling five 2½-ton trucks.

The houses are modern in every respect. They have hardwood floors, furnace heat, electric lights, bathrooms and cement cellars and rest on concrete and brick foundations.

SOLDIERS TO AID SCOUTS

War Department Urges Veterans of France to Help the Boys by Becoming Scout Masters.

New York.—General March, chief of staff, at the instance of Secretary Baker has directed the attention of army soldiers returning from France "to the opportunity which the boy scouts afford for them further to serve their country" by becoming scout masters. "The war department," says the circular distributed at demobilization camps, "is in full accord with purposes of this movement and desires to assist. It is felt that the co-operation of a large number of officers and enlisted men who have seen service in France will inspire the boys with a spirit of devotion to their country as nothing else can do."

GIVES EARNINGS TO WAR

Massachusetts Artist Makes Remarkable Record in Her Efforts to Help.

Concord, Mass.—During the great war just ended Miss Elizabeth Wentworth Roberts, well-known artist of this town, made a remarkable record in her efforts to help in war work. Since 1914 she has given all the money she received for her paintings to the many war relief funds.

It is estimated that about \$10,000 has been so distributed by her, the largest amount, \$1,600, going to the American ambulance field service in France.

Court Thinks Loss of Girl Ample Punishment

San Francisco—Apparently believing that the defendant had been punished enough by seeing the girl he had wanted to marry in court as the bride of the man he had shot, a jury here acquitted George P. Livingston of a charge of assault with intent to commit murder.

**Save that we may share
Save food**



Groub's Belle Brand Canned Goods are packed in sanitary, full-weight cans, with the best food the market affords. The quality in each can is guaranteed Extra Fine. Try a can of Groub's Belle Red Sour Pitted Cherries—they make fine pies.

The Returned Soldier

Is putting away his uniform and is again donning civilian clothes. His suits have not been worn for months. They are wrinkled and probably a little soiled. But they are too good to throw away. He wants to put them in the best possible condition so he takes them to the

BELL STEAM CLEANING WORKS

Our work is guaranteed and our customers know they will be satisfied.

ST. LOUIS AVENUE

BEST OF WEATHER PROPHETS

Secretary of State of Kansas Declares the Muskrat is the One Safe Bet.

Topeka, Kan.—J. T. Botkin, secretary of state for Kansas, says the old standby weather prophet for the past forty years with him has been the muskrat. Mr. Muskrat is the only meteorologist, according to Mr. Botkin. "The goosebone isn't in it with the muskrat," said Mr. Botkin in speaking of the subject of a mild winter for Kansas this winter. "When a mild winter is in store for us Mr. Muskrat doesn't build much of a house. It is, as this year, very small, and merely a shelter from an occasional blizzard."

Republican Classified Advs. Pay.

"Deserter" Carried Ten Citations for Bravery

Streator, Ill.—Wrongly ticketed at New York, William E. Smith was reported to relatives here as an army deserter. He recently returned home disclosing the error. Smith had ten citations for bravery—among them the Croix de Guerre.



C. E. Loertz, Druggist
No. 1 E. Second St.
Phone 116

SAVE—W. S. S.—SERVE
VON FANGE Granite Co.
MONUMENTS MARKERS
Seymour, Indiana

"Say it with Flowers"

Whatever the occasion—a birth, a death, a joy, a sorrow—you can best show your pleasure or sympathy by saying it with flowers.

Flowers sent by wire anywhere. We are as near to you as your telephone.

"Say it with Flowers"

Seymour Greenhouses
Phone 58

Electric Wiring

If you are contemplating electric wiring let us give you an estimate. Work given prompt, personal attention.

Carter Plumbing Company

The New Waist-Seam Suits For Young Men

The most favored style in young men's suits for Spring is the new waist seam creation. It fills every demand, and is very smart. We have Waist-Seam Suits in several clever models, with fancy pockets, military backs, new lapels and other touches. Also plenty of conservative styles at all prices. The leader lines at

\$25, \$30, \$35

are especially attractive; made of excellent materials in beautiful novelty patterns, mixtures and serges, in all the new shades. You'll find them unusually good values, too.

A. STEINWEDEL

The Store of Satisfaction

This is the
Mark of Quality
and Value.

United
National
Clothing

You'll Find
It Here.

EATS SPECIALS for the CASH BUYER

WE SAVE YOU MONEY AND GIVE YOU THE BEST GOODS.

Oysters, good and fresh, pt.	35c	Vanilla Wafers, fresh, lb.	30c
Oyster Crackers, lb.	25c	Oranges, doz.	50 and 60c
Catsup, bottle.	15c	Grape Fruit, large, each.	13c
Jowl Kings Sugar cured, lb.	25c	Pickles, sweet and sour, doz.	20c
Pickle Pork, lb.	25c	Kraut, 2 lb.	15c
Bean Bacon, lb.	20c	Potatoes, large Home grown,	
Country Bacon, fat.	25c	bu.	\$1.50
Country Bacon, lean, lb.	30c	Pie Plant, bunch.	10c
Prunes, lb.	10c	Lettuce, lb.	30c
Dry Apples, lb.	15c	Sugar, dark and A, lb.	10c
Raisins, box.	10c, 13c, 15c	Arbuckle Coffee, lb.	28c
Loose Seedless Raisins, lb.	15c	Coffee Loose Roast, lb.	20c
New Orleans Molasses, gal.	\$1.20	Can Peas can.	15c
Peanut Butter, lb.	25c	Can Sugar Corn.	15c
Salted Peanuts, lb.	20c	Loose Rolled Oats, 2 lb.	15c
Candies, Chocolates & all, lb.	30c	Daylight Soap, bar.	5c
Navy Beans, lb.	11c	Hebe Milk, small can.	6c
Butter Beans, lb.	15c	Hebe Milk, large can.	12c
Search Light Matches, box.	6c	Swift White Soap, bar.	6c
Double Dip Matches, box.	5c	Mackerel, fat, each.	15c
White Line washing powder, lb.	4c	White fish, 2 for.	15c
Saturday Special: Kirk's Flake White Soap, (Limit 10 bars) bar	5c		

HOADLEY'S—FOR CUT PRICES
117-119 South Chestnut Phone 26.

Butterfly Talcum

A new, dainty powder for the toilet, soft as velvet, and refreshingly perfumed. None finer. Price, 30 cents. Bedtime Cream imparts overnight a healthy glow to the skin. It is delightful to use. Get acquainted with it at once. Price 50c.

COX PHARMACY
The Family Druggist
Phone 100.

Theodore P. Cordes, who was discharged from service at Camp Sherman this week, has returned from Louisville with the information that he has accepted a position with the express company and will leave for Mt. Sterling, Ky., Monday. Mrs. Cordes who has been visiting relatives in Chicago during the time he has been in service will join him shortly and they will make their future home at Mt. Sterling.

Among the young people of Seymour who attended the pie supper at Chestnut Ridge Friday night were: Misses Elizabeth Doane, Gladys Lawell, Mayme and Bernice Schrenk, Edna Gerdon, Mabel Vornholt, Marguerite Bettenbrock, Martha Doane, Edna Rodert, Mrs. Ed Rothert, Mrs. Marion McIntire, Allen Lane, Lawrence Cunningham, Avis Vaughn, Arthur Jackson and George Doane.

License Notice.

All owners of dogs residing within the corporate limits of the city of Seymour are hereby notified that they must take out their licenses for the year 1919 before March 1 or be liable to arrest. All owners of motor cars must have their 1919 licenses before March 1, also, or arrests will follow.

J. T. ABELL,
Chief of Police.

Calling Cards.

One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

PERSONAL

Miss Rose House, of Flemings, was in town today.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Fislar visited in this city today.

John Hess, of Medora, was in town today on business.

E. J. Welsh spent today in Brownstown on business.

Mrs. Carl Lewis, of Uniontown, visited in this city today.

Fred Surrencamp of route 3, was in town today on business.

Dr. O. A. Delong of Azalia, transacted business here today.

K. D. Mann, of Farmington, transacted business here today.

George Surrencamp, of route 3, was here today on business.

Frank Moore, of Farmington, transacted business here today.

Milton Hazzard of Reddington, transacted business here today.

Frank Swengel of Farmington, transacted business here today.

Frank Wheeler, of Freetown, transacted business here today.

George F. Turmail, of Vallonia, transacted business here today.

J. U. Montgomery, of Reddington, was a business visitor here today.

Richard Madden, of Yontsey Hill, transacted business here today.

Henry Smith, of Sulphur Springs, transacted business here today.

Walter Kleinmeyer, of route 3, was a business visitor here today.

Adam Maschino, of Farmington, was a business visitor here today.

Mrs. M. A. Barick went to North Vernon this morning on business.

Charles Fetter, of Reddington township, was here today on business.

Glen Kelso, of Scottsburg, transacted business in this city Friday.

Wm. Kessler, of Jennings county, was a business caller here today.

Mrs. Minerva Glasson, of Reddington, was here today shopping.

Miss Louisa Seibert of near Four Corners, was here today shopping.

W. E. Speckner, of near Jonesville, transacted business here today.

J. J. Ackeret, of Reddington township, transacted business here today.

Mrs. J. B. Thompson, of Hamilton township, was here today shopping.

E. H. Hattabaugh, of Indianapolis, is visiting in Seymour and vicinity.

Mrs. Emil Clark, of Rockford, was a shopping visitor here today.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Bottorff, of Cortland, were here this afternoon.

Alexander Bollinger made a business trip to Louisville this morning.

Mrs. Aaron Ruddick, of Farmington, was here this morning shopping.

George Gardner went to North Vernon this morning for a short visit.

Wm. Murray, of Reddington township, was a business visitor here today.

Joel McKain, of Hamilton township, was a business visitor here today.

Mrs. J. Adam Fox, of Reddington township, was a shopping visitor here.

Mrs. Mort Seymour went to North Vernon this morning for a short visit.

Warren Foster, of Reddington township, was a business visitor here today.

Herman Swengel of Reddington township, was a business caller here today.

The Rev. and Mrs. F. A. Steele, of Indianapolis, visited friends here today.

Guy Weddle, of Huron came this morning for a short visit with friends.

Sylvester Brooks, of Reddington township transacted business here today.

David Thompson, of merchant of Rockford transacted business here today.

Miss Bertha Berndt went to Indianapolis this morning for a week-end visit.

Clayton Downs, of Jennings county, transacted business here this afternoon.

Mrs. Francis Grein and Clarence Grein went to Sellersburg this morning.

Lyman M. Gruber, of Reddington township, was a business visitor here today.

Edward Koop, of Hamilton township, was a business caller in Seymour today.

Misses Sybil and Mattie Story, who live southwest of Seymour, were here today.

Mrs. Amanda Reinhart went to Azalia this morning, where she will visit relatives.

Harvey Graves, of near North Vernon, transacted business here this morning.

O. G. Baughman of Scipio, was here today to attend the Sunday School meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. George Rieckers, of Dudleytown, were shopping visitors here this afternoon.

Miss Bernice Beem went to Freetown this morning for a week-end visit with relatives.

LISTEN TO THE EVERWELLS



One thing is certain.
this drug store
Has just the things
you're looking for!
The Everwells

If you're looking for quality sickroom supplies, pure drugs or various household necessities, let me give you the address of just the drug store that you're looking for. Our everwell family is very much pleased with the way they do business.

**MAXON
PHARMACY**

25 S. Chestnut St.
(Pellens' Old Stand.)

Martin Kleinmeyer, of route 3, was in Seymour today looking after business interests.

Mrs. C. D. Billings and daughter, Miss Mary Goodloe Billings, spent today in Louisville.

Mrs. Roscoe Mills and daughter, of Newcastle, visited in this city today enroute to Heltonville.

Mrs. John E. Harrison and son, John, Jr., went to Indianapolis this morning for a short visit.

August Moorman and John Moorman, of Hamilton township, were business callers here today.

Mrs. Harry French returned today from Bellview, Ky., where she spent several days with relatives.

Mrs. Willard Kendall and Mrs. Louis Sager, of Peters Switch, were shopping visitors here today.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adams and daughter, of Reddington township, were shopping visitors here today.

Mrs. Coren Howser went to Brownstown this morning for a week-end visit with relatives.

Clyde Robertson, of Sparksville, was a business caller here today. He left this afternoon for Indianapolis.

Miss Ruth McGinty, of North Vernon, came this morning for a week-end visit with her cousin Miss Iris Cox.

Miss Leota Wieneke, of Indianapolis, came this afternoon for a week-end visit with Miss Stella Laupus and friends.

Miss Mary Bedel, who is teaching at Burney, is spending the week-end with her mother, Mrs. Allie Bedel, at Uniontown.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Bollenbacher left this morning for Washington where they will spend the week-end with relatives.

Mrs. Winnie Westenhofer, of Indianapolis, west to Medora this morning to visit a few days with Mrs. James Birgen.

Mrs. Jesse Leland, of Madison, who has been the guest of Mrs. T. R. Carter for several days left this afternoon for Milan where she will visit several days before returning to her home.

Mrs. W. H. Resler returned to her home in Washington this morning after an extended visit with her mother, Mrs. T. F. Edwards, of Farmington, who has been critically ill for several weeks.

Mrs. Sarah E. Hays left this morning for Tulsa, Okla., where she was called by the serious illness of her daughter, Mrs. W. A. Miller. She was accompanied to St. Louis by Mrs. Carroll Bush.

Notice to Poultry Feeders.

We sell Cut Meat and Bone for poultry. Poultry must have meat for health and growth and economical egg production.

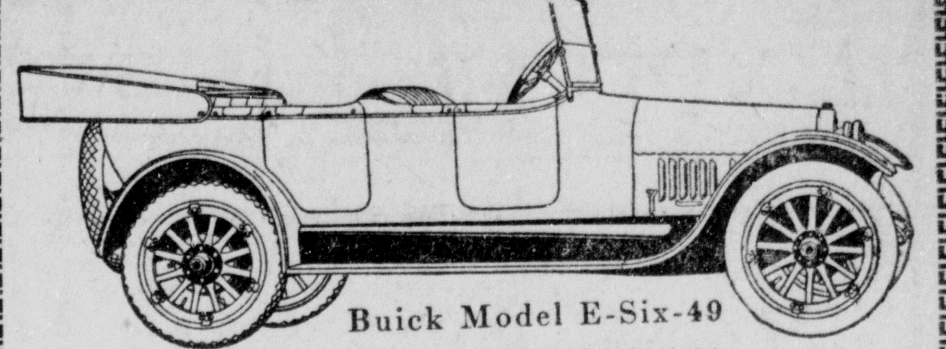
Poultry must have bone for building up of a strong body, grain fed alone is too fattening and will not produce the greatest number of eggs, being deficient in protein, therefore it is absolutely necessary to furnish protein. Our Cut Meat and Bone furnishes this necessary protein in the most palatable and appetizing form in which it can be fed and our feeds will insure economical returns. why not give it a trial.

Manufactured and sold by
Buhner Fertilizer Co.,
m8wk&S Seymour, Ind.

Mayor Burkart today received a notice from the fire department relative to fire regulations in local theaters. The fire chief here was instructed to see that crowds were prevented from congregating in the corridors while waiting between shows and that the exits were not obstructed.

REAL MOTOR CARS

We have on the floor the latest models of cars. These cars have the snap. Come let us show you, at our Sales Room. We are agents for Buick, Studebaker, Dort, Hudson and Indiana trucks. We do all kinds of auto repair work at reasonable prices.



Buick Model E-Six-49

\$1595 includes War Tax and Freight.

This Buick touring car is something to be proud of. Valve-In-Head Motor SIX Cylinder. Buick Economy applies to repair bills, as well as to gasoline and oil.

CENTRAL GARAGE AND AUTO CO.

13 W. 3rd St.

Rear of Postoffice, Seymour, Ind.

FARMERS HOMINY MILL.....

PAYS HIGHEST PRICES FOR GRAIN OF ALL KINDS

We have Northern White Seed Oats.

SEE US FOR FEEDS—WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE

Ask Us About Enterprise Flour

We Sell It

WE HAVE KILN DRIED CORN
FEED MEAL @ \$2.50 PER CWT.

ADVERTISED LIST.

February 24, 1919.

The following is a list of letters received in the Post Office at Seymour, Ind. and if not called for within 14 days will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

LADIES

Miss Ida Couchman
Mrs. D. O. Brock
Miss Florence
Miss Mabel Hamilton
Mrs. Alex A. Harvey
Miss Nellie Murphy
Mrs. Louisa Stafford
Miss Emma White

MEN

Lawrence H. Cunningham
Howard Elkins
Lawrence Foster
Ed. Gorman
Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Gorman
Will Hopewell
Harvey Salmon
Mr. Thurman Bruce St.

ALLEN SWOPE, P. M.

Mrs. H. T. Hall, who resides east of Seymour, was the guest of Mrs. Leroy Miller Friday night. Mrs. Hall returned Friday evening from Indianapolis where she went a few days ago to attend a funeral.

We do "Printing that Pleases."

SEYMOUR PLANING MILL CO.

Mill Work and
Building Material
Paints and Oil
Builders Hardware

Phone 19. 418 S. Chestnut St.
Seymour, Indiana.

The Central Garage and Auto Company has secured the service of A. K. Wagoner, as foreman of the mechanical and electrical departments of its business. He is competent and efficient in his work. He has had experience on all makes of cars for eleven years and was with the Hudson Motor Company for two and a half years before entering the service as motor inspector before they were shipped to France. He made the high grade of 97% per cent on motor inspection in the ordnance department.

Muslin Signs, "NO HUNTING NOR TRESPASSING" for posting your farm, 10c each, 90c per dozen, at Republican Office.

WHEN PLANNING

a special dinner for friends or refreshments for your club.

Phone 170

If it is on the market we will supply you.

PEOPLE'S GROCERY

QUALITY AND SERVICE

Chippendale Style

Chippendale, the first designer who so vigorously instilled his ideas and ideals into designing to such an extent as to have a style carry his name, brought his creations to the apex of their popularity after the middle of the eighteenth century. Many recorders of furniture history regard Chippendale as the greatest designer of all time, and without a doubt, his was the most versatile genius the world has known in the furniture "industry."

Unlike some of the other styles, Chippendale did not flourish alone, Aden and Neppelwhite were contemporaneous with the first. Chippendale drew his ideas from many other designers, and copied not a little, but there was always such a vigor of treatment in his pieces which were adaptations that they were always marked as of the Chippendale type.

Cabriole legs, much adorned with carvings, fretted legs, ladderback, ribbon-back, fret-back chairs are all common in Chippendale style. The letter "C" was one of the motifs that was extensively used in Chippendale creations. That is "C" shape scrolls and embellishments, were in evidence on many articles and in many different positions and paces. Chippendale furniture is perhaps more commonly spoken of and known than any other period style.

**HOOVER'S
HOME FURNISHERS**



There is but

One Sure Way

To get money—earn it; but one sure way to have money—save it; but one sure way to

Save Money

—by systematic setting aside each week or month a portion of your income and putting it to work in

A Reliable

Banking institution. We offer you our services.

RELIABILITY

ACCOMMODATION

The First National Bank

SEYMOUR, IND.

STRENGTH

SERVICE

News of the Churches



Sunday School Union.

The regular meeting of the Sunday School Union teacher training class will be held at the Presbyterian church, Monday evening March 3, promptly at 7:30 o'clock. The departmental conferences will be held with the following subjects and leaders:

Primary—How to Prepare the Lesson for Teaching Children, Miss Mylrea Findley.

Junior—How to Keep the Attention, Mrs. C. P. Lanpher.

Intermediate—The Extent and Power of the Teacher's Influence, Miss Frances Teckmeyer.

Adult—Topical Methods of Handling the Lesson, Prof. T. A. Mott.

Superintendents—The Selection of Teachers, Ray R. Keach.

The general study period will be led by Miss Katherine Jackson, on "The Form and Content of Jesus' Teaching." This is the fourth lesson in the book on the life of Christ which is being studied. Those who heard Miss Jackson's leading of the lesson two weeks ago recognized it as one of the finest expositions of the fourfold gospel that has been heard in Seymour.

Every Sunday School worker and all who are interested are cordially invited to attend Monday evening and profit by this series of studies in practical Sunday School work.

First Methodist Episcopal Church.

Charles W. Whitman, Minister.

The services for this church for tomorrow will be full of interest and inspiration. In the morning hour we are asking for the largest attendance for Sunday School we have had for a number of Sundays. The school will convene at 9:15 o'clock with Supt. Wiethoff in charge. The music will be led by the orchestra.

The preaching services will be held at the usual hours. In the morning hour the address will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. Musser, of India. Dr. Musser has had a very large experience as a missionary in India and will bring us a fine address. This address will be compact with facts and inspiration. The Centenary Movement is the greatest movement in all Methodism and is the greatest movement being inaugurated by any church. In many parts of the country this movement is setting the church on fire and it will be the saving of our church in these reconstruction days for great things for the Kingdom. This movement will wonderfully evangelize our church and in its influence it will reach to the uttermost parts of the earth. This great call for one hundred million of dollars will find a ready response in the hearts and purses of our people and it will "Go over the top." This address should be heard by a large audience.

In the evening service we shall be honored by having with us the Rev. J. Austin Lord, who recently returned from overseas service. Rev. Lord was the Chaplain of the 4th Infantry and was in the battle of St. Mihiel and other decisive battles of the summer campaign. He is a graduate of DePauw University and is a member of the North-West Indiana Conference. He had an interesting experience as Chaplain and will bring to us an address full of experiences and patriotism. He should have a large hearing on Sunday evening. We cordially invite the "Boys" who have recently come home from service.

Remember our minute men will be on duty next Sunday for all the services. This will be one of the interesting facts of the spring campaign. We shall not announce the minute men but our people must come to hear them and to encourage them in their messages. A minute man will speak in the Sunday School and one at each of our preaching services next Sunday. Can you guess the minute men who will be on the job for next Sunday. Mr. Claude Carter is the local chairman of this committee and he will bring to us "Live-Wire Men."

The W. F. Missionary Society will meet with Mrs. L. T. Freeland, 627 North Ewing-street on next Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. We cordially invite the public to worship with us on next Sunday.

United Brethren Church.

Sunday School 9:00 a. m. Preaching service at 10:30 a. m.

First Presbyterian Church.

9:15 Sunday School. This school is small enough to need you; large enough to serve you. Music led by the orchestra. Come and bring a friend.

10:30—The morning worship. A sermon on the "Essentials of Personal Religion."

7:30—The evening service. The returned soldiers of the city are especially invited to this service. The sermon will be on the theme "The Christian Soldier." Special patriotic music will be rendered by the choir and the Scout quartette.

Monday, 7:30—The Community School of Religious Education.

Wednesday, 7:30—The Mid-week meeting. A study of Psalm LI. "An Ideal Prayer." You are invited to stay for the social hour which follows.

Friday, 7:30—Scouts will meet to complete reorganization. Coming March 12th—Annual church meeting.

James Harold More, Pastor.

Christian Church.

Remember Our Goal.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Let us have a good attendance. A Riley program will be given at the close of the Sunday School. The Primary Department is planning for a good time Sunday. The Beginners class will give a soldiers' drill.

Communion and preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Special music by the choir.

Tuesday evening the Loyal Devoir Society will meet with Mrs. Melvin Jerrell, South Broadway.

Wednesday evening the regular mid-week prayer service.

Friday the Ladies' Aid will meet at the church.

Christian Endeavor Sunday evening at 6:30.

W. E. Carroll, Pastor.

St. Paul's Congregational Church.

Sabbath School meets at the regular hour, 9:15, Mr. John Loertz, Supt., requests the presence of every scholar on time with a studied lesson.

Morning devotion, 10:30. Special music. Subject of the sermon, "Heirs of God." Let us start March right by being present.

Evening devotion, 7:30. Subject of sermon, "The Faithful Witness." This is our restful service, you do not want to miss it. Special music.

Ladies Society business meeting Thursday 2 p. m. at the school rooms. Mrs. George Hunterman and Mrs. Harry Findley hostesses. Everybody invited.

O. G. Misamore, pastor.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church.

Sunday school at 9:00.

Church service at 10:30.

Epworth League devotional meeting at 7:00.

Gospel service at 7:30.

The Rev. F. H. Hilmer, a visiting evangelist, of Los Angeles, Cal., will preach for us in both church services.

There will be six prayer meetings this week in various parts of the city and is the county, conducted by specially appointed leaders. The detailed information will be given tomorrow.

Wm. Weiler, minister.

Woodstock Baptist Church.

Preaching at 10:30 and 7:30, by Prof. F. H. Hodge, of Franklin College.

Sunday School at 2 o'clock.

Junior Union and Young People's meeting at 6:30.

Junior Choir practice Thursday at 4 o'clock.

Choir practice Friday at 7:30.

We hope you will bear in mind the district campaign and see to it that some representative from your section is present tomorrow.

Church of Christ.

Edward Kraits, of Sellersburg will serve his regular appointment Sunday morning and evening. Bible study 10:00 a. m. Corner 6th and Chestnut.

Lutheran Church.

10 a. m. regular morning service.

There will be no evening service on account of the district meeting at our church.

E. H. Eggers, Pastor.

South-West Mission.

Sunday School at 2:00 o'clock each Sunday afternoon.

First Baptist Church.

9:15 a. m.—The Church School. Jay C. Smith, director. Class pledges for the Easter fund will be made tomorrow morning.

10:30 a. m.—The Morning Worship. The second sermon on "A Re-Statement of Vital Doctrines" will be given, the subject being: "The Doctrine of the Holy Spirit." Communion service at close of sermon.

6:30 p. m.—The B. Y. P. U. Subject: "Our Relation with God,—Obedience." Special music and a fine meeting.

7:30 p. m.—The Popular Evening Service. The first sermon in the March series on "More Railroad Sermons" will be given.

March 2—"The Message of the Round House."

March 9—"Double Tracks,—Why?"

March 23—"The Fast Mail."

March 30—"The Union Depot."

We shall make this service better, brighter and more helpful than ever before. Each service will hold surprises and blessings.

F. A. Hayward, Minister.

Christian Science.

Sunday School at 9:30 a. m. Sunday service at 10:45 a. m. Testimonial meetings every Wednesday from 7:30 to 8:30 p. m. To our services and to the reading room the public is cordially invited and welcome.

Church Notice

A. M. E. Church S. S. 2:30 p. m. Communion 7 p. m. conducted by Dr. J. P. Wallace, presiding elder. All members urged to be present.

F. M. Ovelton, pastor.

St. Ambrose Catholic Church.

Low Mass at 8 o'clock.

High Mass at 10 o'clock.

Instruction in Catechism at 2:30.

Vesper service and Benediction at 3:00 o'clock.

Second Baptist Church.

Sunday School at 2 p. m.

Preaching at night by Rev. Mr. Reed.

Glenlawn Mission.

Glenlawn Mission at 2:30 each Sunday afternoon.

Park Mission.

Sunday School at 2:00 p. m.

LUTHERAN LAYMEN'S LEAGUE UNDERTAKES BIG PROGRAM

Campaign for Three Million Dollar Fund—Important Meeting Here Tomorrow.

The Lutheran Laymen's League, an organization of influential laymen of the Missouri synod, has launched a drive for a three million dollar endowment fund among the communicant members of its own Synod, the income of which will be used to support the Synod's incapacitated pastors, professors, teachers and the widows and orphans of the deceased.

The members of said synod have enthusiastically subscribed for a large number of Liberty bonds. Almost every congregation knows the approximate amount of Liberty bonds purchased by its members. A resolution was adopted that all congregations be asked to raise a sum which would equal at least 10 per cent of the Liberty bonds purchased by their own members and donate the same to the endowment fund.

This amount is to be raised by an intensive campaign or drive of two weeks, from March 30th to April 12th, inclusive, preceded by an educational campaign conducted by the Campaign Executive Committee of the Lutheran Laymen's League—Theo. Lamprecht, chairman, of New York City; Benjamin Bosse, of Evansville; and Henry Horst, of Rock Island, Ill. They have chosen as campaign director Prof. W. C. Kohn, of River Forest, who has appointed the Rev. F. C. Streufert, the Rev. J. M. Bailey and Theo W. Eckhart to be his collaborators.

The committee reports that it is receiving enthusiastic support from all parts of the United States.

The work of organizing for the big drive is now on. Two southern Indiana districts will meet here tomorrow afternoon to discuss the plan. All congregations in this district, 23 in number, will be represented at this meeting. The delegates who will attend the session to be held here will, in turn, organize their respective congregations according to the campaign plan. Seventy-five

To Speak at M. E. Church



CHAPLAIN AUSTIN LORD

Chaplain Lord has just returned from France after several months of active service on the firing line. He was gassed while in the service, but is recovering. He was married to Miss Gaynell Rider, of Crothersville, shortly before he entered military service.

delegates are expected. They will come from Indianapolis, Louisville and surrounding territory and from Jackson and Bartholomew counties. The meeting will be held in the auditorium of the Lutheran Social Aid Society building.

Lunch will be served for the visitors at 6 o'clock. The Rev. E. H. Eggers, pastor of the local Lutheran church, has been appointed district visitor and will assist the congregations of the district in their individual campaign.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend our thanks to the friends and neighbors for their kindness during the sickness and death of our beloved husband, father and brother, R. C. Waterbury. Also the Rev. Mr. Goss, the singers and for the floral offerings.

Wife, Children, Sisters and Brothers.

Mr. Carl Wiesemann, organist of the St. Paul's M. E. church, and the Alamo Theatre at Louisville, will give an organ recital on the organ of the Methodist Episcopal church at Columbus, on Tuesday evening, March 4th. The recital will be under the auspices of the vested choir of that church, and the admission will be 25 cents. No seats reserved.

The Rev. and Mrs. Charles W. Whitman went to Indianapolis this morning. Mr. Whitman conducted a funeral there this afternoon.

HIGH CHURCH OFFICIAL VISITS UNITED STATES



Archbishop Bonaventura Cerretti, undersecretary of state at the Vatican, who recently delivered Pope Benedict's greeting to Cardinal Gibbons on the celebration of the cardinal's golden jubilee of his episcopate, is the highest official of the Catholic church who has ever visited this country.

Temperance Notes

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

WHY NOT QUIT NOW?

In the city of New York there is a restaurant which is very much unlike the average establishment of the kind. It claims to have at least five thousand patrons daily. No eating place in the metropolis is better known and none is more highly spoken of with reference to the quality of its food and the excellence of its service. While it has never conducted a bar as such, it has until recently kept liquor to meet the demands of customers who chose to call for it, but the order of things has been changed, and the bill of fare now carries this announcement: "We have discontinued the wine list entirely. We are not prohibitionists, but feel sure that, especially during the war, it would be doing our country a great service if every person who is now selling liquor could and would discontinue it. The writing on the wall reads that at no distant day the state or national government will stop its sale entirely. So why not quit now?"

In this deliverance there is little comfort for the liquor advocate who delights to maintain that prohibition does not prohibit. Maybe it does not, and maybe it never will, but there is abundant proof that the steady agitation of the prohibition question is creating dismay among the liquor forces and is bringing this nation of ours to the dawning of a better day.—John P. McCrea, in The Gideon.

REVENUE.

In the debate in the house on the wartime prohibition amendment to the agriculture appropriation bill, Congressman Rainey of Illinois made a spirited speech on the revenue feature of the measure. He said:

"As a member of the ways and means committee, in obtaining revenue for this government, I have always voted for the highest possible tax upon alcoholic liquors. I have supported to the best of my ability at all times the movement for the increase of the taxes on alcoholic liquors of all kinds. But as a member of that committee, engaged for six years and even for a longer period than that, in solving these questions of revenue, I think I am able to say that we can run this great government without saloons and we will find revenue somewhere with which to carry on this republic without continuing further this alliance with saloons. I have seen whole communities, blasted for years by saloons, emerge into prosperity when saloons were banished from within their boundaries. I expect to see prosperity still prevail in all sections of these United States when the saloons disappear, prosperity even greater than we have enjoyed in the past."

THE MAN IN MOST DANGER.

The breadwinner, according to Professor Debove, a noted French scientist, is in more danger of being injured by alcohol than the man in comfortable circumstances, because, with less opportunity to know the truth, he is dragged on by the bad example or urging of others until he tumbles into the abyss of alcoholism and its accompanying miseries.

"In my youth," he says, "I saw many drunken people in the villages and saloons on holidays. Today drunkenness is less frequent, but alcoholism has increased. It has become chronic. This is a worse form, for it results in diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys, heart, blood vessels and nervous system."

A long list of hospital evidence is cited to show the damage alcohol does to the drinker, his family and his country. "Alcohol wounds," says Professor Debove, "are very difficult to cure. The alcoholizers—liquor dealers—therefore, are guilty of a veritable crime against the country."

THE BIBLE AND WINE.

Ferrar Fenton, an eminent Oriental scholar of England, says that errors made by the English translators of the Bible have much to do with the addiction to alcoholic drinks of the English-speaking people. He says a correct translation of the word given frequently in the Bible as "wine" should be "fruit." For example, the Israelites were promised a land of "corn and fruit." Again in Deuteronomy 12:17, the people are told not to eat the tithe of the corn and the "wine." The sense shows unmistakably that fruit is intended. In Numbers 28:7 the authorized version says: "In the holy place shalt thou cause the strong wine to be poured unto the Lord for a drink offering." Mr. Fenton says there is no word in the original signifying wine at all; it is simply "a liquid, a fluid," and might be of milk, or oil, or water, so far as the original text signifies.

DRY ICELAND.

There is a law in Iceland, according to the Central Christian Advocate, which forbids the manufacture of intoxicating liquor at home, and though having free trade, the Icelanders do not allow a barrel of liquor to enter the island. The result is that there is no jail, no criminal court, and only one policeman. There is not a person on the island over ten years of age who cannot read and write. There are public schools, seminaries, colleges, newspapers, books, a classic literature, and churches.

Three Judgments

By REV. L. W. GOSNELL
Assistant Dean, Moody Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT—But with me it is a very small thing that I should be judged of you, or of man's judgment; yea, I judge not mine own self, for I know nothing by (R. V. against) myself; yet am I not hereby justified; but he that judgeth me is the Lord. Therefore judge nothing before the time, until the Lord come, who both will bring to light the hidden things of darkness, and will make manifest the hidden counsels of the hearts; and then shall every man have praise of God.—1 Corinthians 4:3-5.

The text speaks first of man's judgment. Paul had a proper regard for the good opinion of his fellows, for in Romans 12:17 he exhorts: "Take thought for things honorable in the sight of all men." If he had been a church treasurer he would have insisted on having his books audited! Yet he was aware of the fallibility of man's judgment and esteemed it a small thing when compared with the judgment of God.

Good men have been frequently misjudged by the world. One of the most godly of all the missionaries of the church was James Evans, who ministered to the Indians of the frozen north. He incurred the hostility of officials of the Hudson Bay company because he taught the Indians to rest from their labors on the Lord's Day, although he demonstrated to the company's officials that those resting one day in the week did more work than those who labored seven days. When Evans went to England he was received coldly everywhere and was surprised and broken hearted over the fact. Then he learned that a campaign of misrepresentation had been carried on against him and he understood this cold reception. Justice was finally done him, but how hard to bear such an experience as his!

However, even when the world has the best of intentions toward us, its judgment is likely to be wrong. Jesus said: "Woe unto you when all men speak well of you." On the other hand, he said: "Blessed are ye when men shall revile you and persecute you and say all manner of evil against you falsely for my name's sake. Rejoice and be exceeding glad."

As a matter of fact, the world's standards of judgment are wrong. Our text throws much light on this point. In the margin of our Bibles, the word "judgment" is here translated "day," so that Paul is saying: "It is a very small thing that I should be judged of man's day." "Man's day" is contrasted with the "day of the Lord," which is still to come. The principles which govern "man's day" are not the principles of the Lord but rather of Satan, who is "the God of this age." Hence, a Christian may expect to be misjudged by the world, for he is a pilgrim and stranger here. The Pilgrims in Vanity Fair, as John Bunyan has pictured them, were looked on as outlandish men and people took them for Bedlamites. "The world knoweth us not."

Next, Paul goes on to speak of self-judgment. What an arresting statement—"I know nothing against myself." Certainly he was not one of those who turn the grace of God into lasciviousness. Although not under law he insisted that the righteousness of the law should be fulfilled in us who walk after the spirit. He knew nothing against himself.

But he immediately goes on to say, "Yet am I not hereby justified." Paul knew too well the imperfection of human self-judgment. Had he not once honestly thought he did God service by persecuting Christians, and did he not approve the murder of Stephen? Even if there is no sin in our consciousness, it may lurk beneath consciousness, seen by the eye of God alone. The most holy Christians feel the propriety of singing,

Every moment, Lord, I need
The merit of thy death.

Finally, Paul speaks of the judgment of the Lord, concerning which several interesting statements are made.

To begin with, the Lord's judgment will be complete, for he "will bring to light the hidden things of darkness and will make manifest the counsels of the hearts." This is a solemn thought, yet how comforting! Only God knows the deepest things in us and we shall be manifested at the judgment seat of Christ. A story is told of a man who had a reputation of being most miserly. After his death it was discovered that he had pinched and loved to bless a woman whom he had saved years before and who had married another, and to help her children. The money that came so mysteriously to that poverty-stricken family, and which made education and all good things possible, came from the miser who lived in the next street and whose name was a by-word in all the town. What revelations the "day of Christ" holds for us!

The River

When the Colorado
Burst Its Banks and
Flooded the Imperial
Valley of California

By
EDNAH AIKEN

(Copyright, Bobbs-Merrill Company.)

CHAPTER VI.

Red Tape.

At ten o'clock the next morning Hardin, entering the office, again the general manager's, found there before him George MacLean, the new director, and Percy Babcock, the treasurer, who had been put in by the Overland Pacific when the old company was reorganized. They had just come in from Los Angeles, the trip made in MacLean's private car, to attend a director's meeting.

Rickard entered a few minutes later, Estrada behind him. Ogilvie followed Rickard to his desk.

"Well?" inquired the new manager. Ogilvie explained lengthily that he had the minutes of the last meeting.

"Leave them here," Rickard waved him toward Estrada, who held out his hand for the papers.

Reluctantly the accountant relinquished the papers. His retreating coattails looked ludicrously whipped but no one laughed. Hardin's scowl deepened.

"Showing his power," he thought. "He's going to call for a new pack."

Estrada pushed the minutes through with but a few unimportant interruptions. He was sitting at the same desk with Rickard. Hardin, sensitive and sullen, thought he saw the meeting managed between them.

Several times he attempted to bring the tangled affairs of the water companies before the directors. Rickard would not discuss the water companies.

"Because he's not posted! He's beginning to see what he's up against," ran Hardin's stormy thoughts.

He was on his feet the next minute with a motion to complete the Hardin headgate. Violently he declaimed to Babcock and MacLean his wrongs, the injustice that had been done him. Marshall had let that fellow Maitland convince him that the gate was not practicable; had it not been for him the gate would be in place now; all this time and money saved. And the Maitland dam, built instead! Where was it? Where was the money, the time, put in that little toy? Sickening! His face purpled over the memory. Why was he allowed to begin again with the gate? "Answer me that. Why was I allowed to begin again? It's all child's play, that's what it is. And when I am in it again up to my neck he pulls me off!"

This was the real Hardin, the uncouth, overaged Lawrence student! The new manner was just a veneer. Rickard had been expecting it to wear thin.

"I think," interjected Rickard, "that we all agree with Mr. Marshall. Mr. Hardin, that a wooden headgate on silt foundation could never be more than a makeshift. I understood that the first day he visited the river with you he had the idea to put the ultimate gate, the gate which would control the water supply of the valley, up at the Crossing on rock foundation. Mr. Marshall does not expect to finish that in time to be of first use. He hopes the wooden gate will solve the immediate problem. It was a case of any port in a storm. He has asked me to report my opinion."

"Why doesn't he give me a chance to go ahead then?" growled the deposed manager. "Instead of letting the intake widen until it will be an impossibility to confine the river there at all?"

"So you do think that it will be an impossibility to complete the gate as planned?"

Hardin had run too fast. "I didn't mean that," he stammered. "I mean it will be difficult if we are delayed much longer."

"Have you the force to re-begin work at once?" demanded Rickard.

"I had it," evaded Hardin. "I had everything ready to go on—men, material—when we stopped the last time."

"Answer my question, please."

"I should have to assemble them again," admitted Hardin sulkily. Rickard consulted his notebook. "I think we've covered everything. Now I want to propose the laying of a spur track from Hamlin's Junction to the Heading." His manner cleared the stage of superfluities; this was the climax. Hardin looked ready to spring.

"And in connection with that the development of a quarry in the granite hills back of Hamlin's," continued Rickard, not looking at Hardin.

Instantly Hardin was on his feet. His fist thundered on the table. "I shall oppose that," he flared. "It is ab-



Instantly Hardin Was on His Feet.

solutely unnecessary. We can't afford it. Do you know what that will cost, gentlemen?"

"One hundred thousand dollars!" Rickard interrupted him. "I want an appropriation this morning for that amount. It is, in my opinion, absolutely necessary if we are to save the valley. We cannot afford not to do it, Mr. Hardin!"

Hardin glared at the other men for support; he found MacLean's face a blank wall; Estrada looked uncomfortable. Babcock had pricked up his ears at the sound of the desired appropriation; his head on one side, he looked like an inquisitive terrier.

Hardin spread out his hands in helpless desperation. "You'll ruin us," he said. "It's your money, the O. P.'s, but you're lending it, not giving it to us. You are going to swamp the Desert Reclamation company. We can't throw funds away like that." One hundred thousand dollars! Why, he could have stopped the river at any time if he had had that sum; once a paltry thousand would have saved them—"I didn't ask the O. P. to come in and ruin us, but to stop the river; not to throw money away in hog-wild fashion." He was stammering inarticulately. "There's no need of a spur-track if you rush my gate through."

"If," Rickard nodded. "Granted. If we can rush it through. But suppose it fails? Marshall said the railroad would stand for no contingencies. The interests at stake are too vital!"

"Interests!" cried Tom Hardin. "What do you know of the interest at stake? You or your railroad? Coming in at the eleventh hour, what can you know? Did you promise safety to thousands of families if they made their homes in this valley? Are you responsible? Did you get up this company, induce your friends to put their money in it, promise to see them through? What do you know of the interests at stake? You want to put one hundred thousand dollars into a frill. God, do you know what that means to my company? It means ruin—" Estrada pulled him down in his seat.

Rickard explained to the directors the necessity in his opinion of the spur-track and the quarry. Rock in great quantities would be needed; cars must be rushed in to the break. He urged the importance of clenching the issue. "If it's not won this time, it's a lost cause," he maintained. "If it cuts a deeper gorge, the Imperial valley is a chimera; so is Laguna dam."

The other men were drawn into the argument. Babcock leaned toward Hardin's conservation. MacLean was judicial. Estrada upheld Rickard. The spur-track, in his opinion, was essential to success. Hardin could see the meeting managed between the new-

comer and the Mexican, and his anger impotently raged. His temper made him incoherent. He could see Rickard, cool and impersonal, adding to his points, and MacLean slowly won to the stronger side. Hardin, on his feet again, was sputtering helplessly at Babcock, when Rickard called for a vote. The appropriation was carried. Hardin's face was swollen with rage.

Rickard then called for a report on the clam-shell dredge being rushed at Yuma. Where was the machinery? Was it not to have been finished in February?

"Why not get the machinery here? What's the use of taking chances?" demanded Rickard.

Hardin felt the personal implication. He was on his feet in a second. "There are no chances." He looked at MacLean. "The machinery's done. It's no use getting it here until we're ready."

"There are always chances," interrupted his opponent coolly. "We are going to take none. I want Mr. Hardin, gentlemen, appointed a committee of one to see that the machinery is delivered at once, and the dredge rushed."

The working force was informally discussed. Hardin said they could depend on hobo labor. Rickard agreed that they would find such help, but it would not do to rely on it. The big sewer system of New Orleans was about completed; he had planned to write there, stating the need. And there was a man in Zacatecas, named Porter—

"Frank Porter?" sneered Hardin, "that—murderer?"

"His brother," Rickard answered pleasantly. "Jim furnishes the men for the big mines in Sonora and Sinaloa. He'll send us all the labor we want, the best for our purpose. When it gets red-hot, there's no one like a peon or an Indian."

"You'll be infringing on the international contract law," suggested MacLean.

"No. The camp is on the Mexican side," laughed Casey. "I'd thought of that. We'll have them shipped to the nearest Mexican point, and then brought to the border. Mr. Estrada will help us."

The meeting had already adjourned. They were standing around the flat-top desk. Estrada invited them all to lunch with him, in the car on the siding. MacLean said that he had to get back to Los Angeles. Mr. Babcock was going to take him out to Grant's Heading in the machine. He had never been there. They had breakfasted late. He looked very much the colonel to Rickard, his full chest and stiff carriage made more military by his trim uniform of khaki-colored cloth.

"May I speak to you about your boy, Mr. MacLean?"

The steady grave eyes of the big frame looked at Rickard inquiringly. "He wants to stay out another year. I hope you will let him. It's not disinterested. I shall have to take a stenographer to the Heading this summer. There is a girl here; I couldn't take her, and then, too, I'm old-fashioned; I don't like women in offices. My position promises to be a peculiar one. I'd like to have your son to rely on for emergencies a stenographer could not cover."

MacLean's grave features relaxed as he looked down on the engineer, who was no small man himself, and suggested that his son was not very well up in stenography.

"That's the least of it." "I hope that he will make a good stenographer! Good morning, gentlemen."

At table, neither Estrada nor his guest uncovered their active thought which revolved around Hardin and his hurt. Instead, Rickard had questions to ask his host on river history. As they talked, it came to him that something was amiss—Estrada was accurate; he had all his facts. Was it enthusiasm, sympathy, he lacked? Presently he challenged him with it.

Estrada's eyes dreamed out of the window, followed the gorge of the New river, as though out there, somewhere, the answer hovered.

"Do you mean, do you doubt it?" exclaimed Rickard, watching the melancholy in the beautiful eyes.

Estrada shook his head, but without decision. "Nothing you'd not laugh at. I can laugh at it myself, sometimes."

Rickard waited, not sure that anything more was coming. The Mexican's dark eyes were troubled; a puzzle brooded in them. "It's a purely negative sense that I've had, since I was a child. Something falls between me and a plan. If I said it was a veil, it would be something!" His voice fell to a ghost of tunelessness. "And it's nothing. A blank—I know then it's not going to happen. It is terribly final! It's happened, often. Now, I

wait for that—veil. When it falls, I know what it means."

"And you have had that—sense about this river business?"

Estrada turned his pensive gaze on the American. "Yes, often. I thought, after father's death, that that was what it meant. But it came again. It kept coming. I had it while you were all talking, just now. I don't speak of this. It sounds chicken-hearted. And I'm in this with all my soul—my father—I couldn't do it any other way, but—"

"You think we are going to fail?"

"I can't see it finished," was Estrada's mournful answer. He turned again to stare out of the window.

"Who are the river men in the valley?" demanded the newcomer. "I want to meet them, to talk to them."

"Cor'nel, he's an Indian. He's worth talking to. He knows its history, its legends. Perhaps some of it is history."

"Where's he to be found?"

"You'll run across him! Whenever anything's up, he is on hand. He senses it. And then there's Matt Hamlin."

"I'll see him, of course. Has he been up the river?"

"No, but I'll tell you two who have. Maldonado, a half-breed, who lives some twenty miles down the river from Hamlin's. He knows the Gila as though he were pure Indian. The Gila's tricky! Maldonado's grandfather was a trapper, his great-grandfather, they say, a priest. The women were all Indian. He's smart. Smart and bad."

Estrada's Japanese servant came back into the car to offer tea, freshly iced.

"That's what I want, smart river men, not tea!" laughed Rickard. "I want river history."

"There's another man you ought to meet. He was with the second Powell expedition. He's written the best book on the river. He knows it, if any man does. You wanted these maps." Estrada was gathering them together.

"Thank you. And you can just strangle that foreboding of yours, Mr. Estrada. For I tell you, we're going to govern that river!"

Estrada's pensive smile followed the dancing step of the engineer until it carried him out of sight. Perhaps! Because he was the son of his father he must work as hard as if conviction went with him, as if success awaited at the other end of the long road. But it was not going to be. He would never see that river shackled—

(To be continued.)

BUILDS GREAT PLANE TO CROSS ATLANTIC

Caproni Has Almost Completed Gigantic Airship to Be Called White Eagle.

Gianni Caproni has almost finished the gigantic airship in which he intends to fly from Italy to America. It is a colossal tri-plane equipped with five motors of 3,000 horse power each, and a large cabin furnished with everything to make the voyage comfortable for several passengers who can be accommodated.

Caproni will call his new plane the White Eagle. The name is linked to a strange prophecy published in Rome, Italy, in 1916, which is attributed to an English monk of the seventeenth century. The prophecy asserted that in the twentieth century there would be a great world war, started by the diabolical cleverness of an emperor of the country of Martin Luther in alliance with another emperor, both bearing on their military uniforms and on their national escutcheons two black eagles. It added that civilization would defeat and throw out the barbarians, whose empires would be divided into 22 states.

It is inferred that the White Eagle is intended to typify the American bird.

The poet W. Lewis has made the event the subject of a poem which has been set to music. The whole was presented with a beautiful allegorical design to President Wilson when he was in Milan. It was as a result of his admiration of the poem and the design so artistically suggestive that Caproni decided on the name of White Eagle for his new and gigantic plane.

It is asserted that the aviators who will make the trip intend to follow the route of Columbus across the sea. They will fly from Italy to Cadiz, thence to the Azores and from Azores to the American coast, alighting in the neighborhood of Washington.

Thousands of Eyes See "Republican Classified Advs."

BLOUSE IS COSTLY

Garment Almost as Expensive as Entire Frock.

It is impossible to eliminate the peplum or costume blouse from style discussions and reviews at the present time, because this garment is one of the most interesting and most talked-of items of the wardrobe. When an out-of-the-ordinary style is introduced it is usually taken up by the cheapest manufacturers and dressmakers, and developed in such inferior material and with such poor workmanship that it quickly loses caste.

This has not been the case with the long blouse. It seems safe to say, writes a correspondent, that for the present at least the woman who wishes one of these blouses must either buy material and make it or have it made, or else pay a very high price for it. Most of these blouses shown in the shops cost as much as an entire frock. Undoubtedly this accounts for the fact that up to the present time they are worn only by very well-dressed and smartly groomed women.

The blouse shown in the sketch is extremely good-looking and at the same time it is so simple that making it at home would not be difficult. The foundation of the blouse, which is a little longer than the overblouse, is satin. Either black, white or colored lace may be used over this. The garment would be lovely made of white or maize-colored satin with overblouse of black lace, a skirt of soft black satin to accompany it.

A narrow bead fringe finishes the edges of the blouse. The satin foundation is sleeveless. The blouse can



Costume Blouse of Satin and Lace.

be more easily made and more easily slipped on if the two sections are made separate.

For very early spring wear some of the clever designers are showing long blouses of figured foulard to be worn with white satin or silk jersey cloth skirts.

A blouse such as the one shown in the sketch, worn with a handsome silk or satin skirt, makes a costume sufficiently dressy for any afternoon function.

Kills Big Gray Wolf.
New Marlboro, Mass.—While Game Warden Davis was covering his preserve he came on a big gray timber wolf in the act of devouring a large goose. Davis killed the wolf. It was the first timber wolf killed in the Berkshire Hills in more than twenty years.

Ends Life in Furnace.
Boston, Mass.—Putting his head and shoulders into a glowing furnace, Simon Hassell, lodger at Mariner's Home, ended his life. He was burned beyond all recognition.

Mrs. L. C. Gifford and daughter, Susanne, returned this morning from an extended visit with her mother, Mrs. Catherine Johnson in Minneapolis, Minn.

He Wanted Furlough.
"Charley dead; come at once," telegram to sailor at Great Lakes, Ill., said. Asked furlough. "What relation was Charley?" asked the C. O. "Don't know!" gob replied. "Been family horse 19 years."

Calling Cards.
One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

Interstate Public Service Company

Seymour to Indianapolis

Hoosier Flyers leave Seymour for Columbus, Edinburg, Franklin, Greenwood and Indianapolis at 9:18 and 11:18 a. m. and 1:18, 3:18, 6:18 and 8:18 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Indianapolis and all intermediate points at 6:55, 8:05, 9:55 and 11:55 a. m., and 1:55, 3:55, 5:18, 8:00, *10:45 and *11:40 p. m. Car marked *, runs to Greenwood only. Car marked x, runs to Columbus only.

For special service see Scott Hardin, local agent, or address Bert Weedon, G. F. & P. A., 510 Board of Trade, Indianapolis, Ind.

Seymour to



Louisville

Last Car Leaves Louisville 11:15 p. m.

Dixie Flyers leave Seymour for Crothersville, Scottsburg, Sellersburg, Jeffersonville and Louisville at 9:11, 11:11 a. m., and 2:11, 4:11, 6:11 and 9:11 p. m.

Local Cars leave Seymour for Louisville and all intermediate points at 6:00, 8:00, 10:00 a. m., 12:00 m., *1:00, 3:00, 5:00, 7:00, *8:00 and *11:00 p. m. Cars marked * run to Scottsburg only.

INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE TRACTION RAILWAY CO.

COURTESY IS REWARDED

Young Man Gave His Sleeping Car Berth to a Woman.

Herbert Wildermuth, a young man of Tripp, S. D., has discovered that courtesy does not always go unrewarded. He is in the service of his country, with his station at Key West, Fla. On his return to his station from a brief furlough with the home folks in South Dakota, he gave his berth in a sleeping car to a woman, who had two children, and who, because of the crowded condition of the car, could not have secured a berth if it had not been for the generous offer of the young South Dakotan.

Wildermuth slept in the seats. A few days after his return to his barracks at Key West a gentleman called upon him and introduced himself as the husband of the woman he had befriended in the sleeping car. He stated he was glad to meet a soldier who had been so kind to his family.

It developed that the man was a resident of Florida and could use a man of Wildermuth's ability and offered him a handsome salary to work in his establishment when he is discharged from the government service.

He Wanted Furlough.
"Charley dead; come at once," telegram to sailor at Great Lakes, Ill., said. Asked furlough. "What relation was Charley?" asked the C. O. "Don't know!" gob replied. "Been family horse 19 years."

Calling Cards.
One hundred calling cards, single line, for 50c. Republican Office.

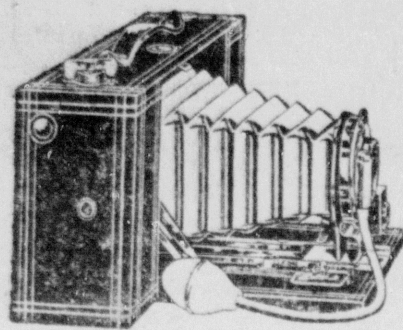
DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Of course, Father's firm is doing its bit



KODAKS



Box Brownies
\$2.75 up

Kodaks - \$7.50 up

Kodak Albums
25c to \$5

Carrying Cases Tripods
Enlarging Cameras

"We develop free the film we sell"

FEDERMANN'S
-DRUG STORE-
"Service-Quality"

coal

ANTHRACITE COAL

48 HR. OVEN COKE
(Rescreened at our yards)

EASTERN LUMP COAL

EASTERN EGG COAL

INDIANA LUMP COAL

INDIANA EGG COAL

INDIANA MINE RUN COAL

Phone No. 4

EBNER ICE AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY



The "satisfaction guaranteed" to be found in this shop doesn't cost you any money, but it is your protection against the purchase of any inferior food stuffs. All of our meats must come up to the quality qualification and be in a prime, choice condition before they find their way across our counter.

Frank Cox

Phone 119 Cor. 2nd and Ewing Sts

ELECTRICAL WIRING

Phone K-490
When You Have Any
Kind of
ELECTRICAL WORK
Prompt Attention
Given to All Orders

O. H. GORBETT

F. H. HEIDEMAN

Pianos, Furniture, Rugs, Linoleum
Funeral Director

Piano and Pipe Organ Tuning
C. H. DROEGE

Buy Thrift Stamps Regularly

W. H. BURKLEY

Real Estate, Insurance and Loan
Seymour, Indiana

BUY THRIFT STAMPS

Anna E. Carter
NOTARY PUBLIC

Office at the Daily Republican
Office, 108 West Second St.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

YOU GET WHAT
YOU WANT WHEN
YOU ASK FOR IT HERE

CLASSIFIED ADV. RATES
Minimum, Ten Words.
Daily Edition.
One insertion, per word.....1 ct.
Three insertions, per word.....2 cts.
Six insertions, per word.....3 cts.
One month insertions, per word.....10 cts.
Weekly Edition.
Each insertion, per word.....1 ct.

WANTED—Salesmen. Representatives for part or full time. Pay weekly. Exclusive territory to right parties. Outfit free, no investment required. Charlton Nursery Company, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—Salesman. Active, energetic man owning car. Opportunity to establish in own community, business paying \$4 to \$8 per day. Stetson Oil Co., Station E, Cleveland, O.

WANTED—To furnish sand and gravel for all kind of building and repair work, also sharp sand for poultry. Phone L-787. Norman Chastien, Woodstock. m8d

WANTED—Girl for light house work, no washing. Elderly lady preferred. Phone 733. f28dtrf

WANTED—Tree trimming and carpenter repair work. Giles Manuel. Phone L-680. mld

WANTED—Old rags and old iron. Frank Franklin 125 South Pine, Phone L-659. n20dtrf

WANTED—At once, young girl for general house work. Phone 748. f25d-trf

WANTED—To buy all kinds of used furniture and stoves. Phone 714. m17d

WANTED—Girl for housework. Good wages. Phone 214. mld

WANTED—Cashier. Apply at Palace Restaurant. mld

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Phone 453. f24dtrf27w

WANTED—Cook. Apply at Palace Restaurant. mld

BUY—Biglers Condition Powders for horses, cattle, sheep and hogs. Biglers Poultry Powder for chickens, ducks, geese, guineas and turkeys; Biglers Lice Killer for lice and bugs of all kinds. Best by Test. Sold by Nick Hannersperger, Seymour. m1-tu-Sat&wk

BROOMS—Brooms! Call at my home on 7 West Brown street and see how brooms are made and buy an honest made broom at a reasonable price. Will make up your broom corn on the shares. Phone 189, Elmer Pinchon. f28d&wif

\$68 TAKES my new \$250 Tyrolia phonograph, Edison and Pathe Saphire and 200 steel needles and records, New, still crated. Will send picture and ship C. O. D. on approval. Act quick. Waverly Brown, Wilmette, Ills. m6d&w

FOR SALE—Gentle driving horse, light two-seated rig, set single harness. Inquire 706 Ewing street, or Kessler Hardware store. T. F. Stewart. f28d&wif

FOR SALE—Rubber tired buggy and harness; good condition. Inquire 316 Central Avenue. f25dtrf

FOR SALE—Six year old sorrel mare. Ernest Rittmann, R. 8, Seymour. m4d&w

FOR SALE—Dining room suite. 516 North Chestnut or Phone 696. f24dtrf

BARGAINS—In used machines at Pauley & Son's Garage. mldtrf

3 FURNISHED ROOMS—For light housekeeping. Call R-230. f17dtrf

FOR RENT—Modern furnished room. 114 Mill street. f22dtrf

GASOLINE ENGINES—I do all kinds of gasoline engine repairing. Also stoves of all kinds. W. Baughman, 526 E. Seventh street. f13dtrf

FOR BARGAINS—In wall paper, see or write C. B. Biggs, expert paper hanger and decorator. 413 West Laurel street. m12d

DE MATTEO'S GROCERY—Cheapest and best. Come and give us a trial. Phone 382. Third street and Indianapolis avenue. f15d&wif

LADIES—Mrs. J. F. Fislir is prepared to do all kinds of dressmaking on short notice. Phone Farmington A-2. m31d

TAXI SERVICE—Calls answered day or night. Tipton Richardson. Phone 296. Residence phone 67. f27dtrf

We Do "Printing That Pleases."

FOR SALE—Six room two story house and one acre of ground, south end of Broadway. John Gardiner. m7d

BAGGAGE TRANSFER—Grover Marquette. Phone 274. Residence phone R-281. d3d-trf

TAXI SERVICE—Calls answered day or night. Office phone 218. Residence phone 577. Henry Mascher. m25d

SHOE REPAIRING—A. H. Kain, 308 East Second Street. m11d

NO HUNTING—Muslin signs 9x17 inches, for posting farms against hunting and trespassing, 10 cents each, 90c per dozen. Call at Republican office. 108 W. Second St.

THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I've convictions that
life is all joy
No trouble that comes
ever shakes them
For it isn't the troubles
that count—
It's the way, I suppose,
that one takes
them
B.T.C.



Weather Report.

Partly cloudy with rising temperature tonight. Sunday warmer and probably light snows in central and north portions.

Seymour Temperatures.

Reported by Ira Bedel, government weather observer, for the twenty four hours ending at noon today.
Max. Min.
March 1, 1919. 58 14

FORCED TO DO GOOSE STEP

American Soldiers, Headed by Bands, Paraded Through Towns by German Captors.

Winchester, England.—"Headed by bands, they paraded a bunch of us Americans, barefooted, through towns, forcing us to do the goosestep." That was the experience of Edward A. Patenau of New Haven, Conn., of the One Hundred and Second Infantry, who arrived at the American rest camp here from Danzig, via a Danish Red Cross ship. He was captured in April with 182 other Americans at Seicheprey.

"The Germans tore my gas-mask off while we were still in the German lines and took my shoes from me. The Americans went days without a bath. There were facilities for bathing, but the Germans simply wanted to be mean and kept us from being clean."

PUT IT OVER ON BARBERS

Tonsorial Artists in Cleveland Suburb Are Victims of Joke They Do Not Relish.

Cleveland, O.—Some one played a joke on the four barbers of Berea, a suburb of Cleveland, a joke they do not relish, recently.

Haircuts went to 40 cents there recently and shaves to 20 cents. Then posters appeared announcing that a new shop would open which would cut these prices to 30 and 15 cents. The four old stands promptly announced a cut to 25 and 10 cents, effective the day of the opening of the new shop.

The day the new place was to have opened two clothing dummies appeared in its window with a sign around their necks: "We had lots of fun. Did the other four?" Prices are still 40 and 20 cents.

PEAK YEAR IN COAL MINES

272,372,714 Net Tons Estimated Production for 1918 in Pennsylvania Field.

Harrisburg, Pa. — Pennsylvania's coal production during 1918 is estimated at 272,373,741 net tons by officials of the state department of mines. It is estimated that 99,514,334 tons were anthracite and 172,859,380 tons bituminous. The production in 1917 amounted to 271,519,710 tons.

The number of employees in the anthracite region is given as 147,808 and in the bituminous region 172,600. The coke production was about 24,000,000 net tons.

The number of fatal mining accidents during the year was 1,044, of which 549 occurred in the anthracite mines and 495 in the bituminous. In 1917 there were 1,075 accidents.

Cooties Come in Letters.

Wooster, O.—The tarantula which escapes from a bunch of bananas and terrorizes freight handlers or grocery clerks is going to have a rival in the news columns if a recent incident in the post office here is any indication. A large, active and hungry cootie was discovered on the wrist of a clerk handling soldiers' mail from overseas. It apparently had escaped from one of the letters.

STRAND THEATRE

"The House of Features"

TONIGHT

Beginning at 7:00 p. m.

MAY ALLISON

IN A FIVE ACT DRAMA
ENTITLED

"Social Hypocrites"

Prices: Adults 10c. Children under 12 years 5c. (Plus War Tax) Matinee 5c to All.

Majestic Theatre

TONIGHT

PROMPTLY AT 8:15 P. M.

Gus Hill's Big Cartoon Musical Comedy.

"THE CAPTAIN AND THE KIDS"

Prices:

Lower floor 75c-\$1.00

Balcony: 25c-35c

(Plus war tax)



George and Joe

Geo. Hunterman, local wheat buyer, began with Blish in 1879, and Joe Rottman, mill superintendent, started in 1886.

Colonial Flour

is George's experience in selecting wheat, plus Joe's art of knowing how to mill it.

Blish Milling Company

"Millers in Colonial Days"

MONEY TO LOAN

TO FARMERS

Do not impose on your friends or relatives to endorse your note when you can get it on

—Your Name Only—

You can use our money from seed time to harvest. Come in and let us explain our method.

Agent in Seymour Friday of each week.

CAPITOL LOAN CO.

11½ W. 2nd St., With John Congdon

NEWSY PARAGRAPHS

A. R. Adams, of Farmington, who fell and fractured a rib several days ago, is improving.

Dale Swengel, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Swengel, of Farmington, who has been ill for several months with rheumatism, remains about the same.

Mrs. Julia Meyers, of Huntsville, Mo., returned to her home this morning after visiting her brothers, Gustave Breitfield, of Dudleytown, and Gottlieb Breitfield, of this city.

Mrs. J. E. Harrison and son, John, went to Indianapolis to-day to attend the wedding of Mrs. Harrison's nephew, Mort Wilson, who was united in marriage this afternoon at 4 o'clock to Miss Elsie Sweet of this city.

Cletis McPike, the five-year-old

daughter of George W. McPike, who broke her arm Thursday evening, is getting along nicely. She was roller skating near her home on West Fifth street when she fell and broke one bone in the left forearm. The other bone was bent so that it was broken in setting the arm.

Mrs. Willie Whitson, who has been in Brooklyn, N. Y., since April, returned to her home on East Third street here Friday evening. Mrs. Whitson went to Ft. Wadsworth, N. Y. in March and remained there until her husband, Pvt. Willis Whitson, was sent overseas in April. He returned with the 70th Division one week ago today and Mrs. Whitson visited him at Camp Merritt, N. J., a few days ago. When she left for her home here her husband stated that he would be sent to Camp Taylor for discharge sometime next week.

Everyone reads the Want Advs.

THE COUNTRY STORE

East Second St.

SPECIALS

THE BON MARCHE

Third and Chestnut.

Lantz & Co. Queen White Laundry Soap, 10 bars..45c
Proctor & Gamble's Lenox Laundry Soap, 10 bars..55c
Palm Olive and Jap Rose Toilet Soap, 3 bars.....25c
Lake Herring, fresh supply just in, 2 lbs.....25c
Hand picked navy beans, lb.10c
10c Macaroni and Spaghetti, 3 boxes.....25c
5c Macaroni and Spaghetti, 6 boxes.....25c

Low price on Country Bacon, Country Lard, Country Shoulders.

Good grade of Double Dip Matches, box.....5c
Galvanized 10 qt. Pails each.....29c
Galvanized 12 qt. Pails each.....35c
No. 1 Gal. Wash Tubs each.98c
No. 2 Gal Wash tubs each.\$1.10
No. 3 Gal Wash tubs each.\$1.25

RAY R. KEACH, Seymour, Ind.